



THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT / THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Commissioner of Education
President of the University of the State of New York
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December 11, 2012

James R. Froio, Superintendent
Jordan-Elbridge Central School District
9 Chappell St.
PO Box 902
Jordan, NY 13080

Dear Superintendent Froio:

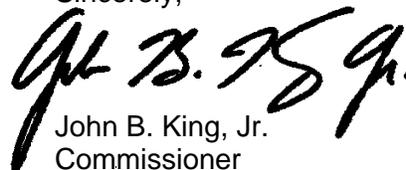
Congratulations. I am pleased to inform you that your Annual Professional Performance Review Plan (APPR) meets the criteria outlined in Education Law §3012-c and Subpart 30-2 of the Commissioner's Regulations and has been approved for the 2012-2013 school year. As a reminder, we are relying on the information you provided on your APPR form, including the certifications and assurances that are part of your approved APPR. If any material changes are made to your approved APPR plan, your district/BOCES must submit such material changes to us for approval. Please see the attached notes for further information.

Please be advised that, pursuant to Education Law §3012-c, the Department will be analyzing data supplied by districts, BOCES, and/or schools and may order a corrective action plan if there are unacceptably low correlation results between the student growth subcomponent and any other measures of teacher and principal effectiveness and/or if the teacher or principal scores or ratings show little differentiation across educators and/or the lack of differentiation is not justified by equivalently consistent student achievement results.

The New York State Education Department and I look forward to continuing our work together, with the goal of ensuring that every school has world-class educators in the classroom, every teacher has a world-class principal to support his or her professional growth, and every student achieves college and career readiness.

Thank you again for your hard work.

Sincerely,



John B. King, Jr.
Commissioner

Attachment

c: William Speck

NOTES: If your district/BOCES has provided for value-added measures (15 points vs. 20 points scale and categorization of your district/BOCES's grade configurations) in your APPR and no value-added measures are approved by the Board of Regents for a grade/subject and/or grade configuration for the 2012-13 school year, your district/BOCES will be required to revise and resubmit its APPR accordingly. Conversely, if your district/BOCES has not provided for value-added measures in your district/BOCES's APPR submission and value-added measures are approved for the 2012-13 school year, your district/BOCES will be required to revise and resubmit its APPR accordingly.

Only documents that are incorporated by reference in your APPR have been reviewed and are considered as part of your APPR; therefore, any supplemental documents such as memorandums of agreement or understanding that were uploaded with your APPR but are not incorporated by reference in your APPR have not been reviewed. However, the Department reserves the right to review the uploaded attachments at any time for consistency with your APPR form and/or to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations; and as a result of such review, the Department may reject your APPR plan and/or require corrective action.

Annual Professional Performance Reviews: 2012-13

Created Wednesday, June 20, 2012

Updated Sunday, November 18, 2012

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Disclaimers

The Department will review the contents of each school district's or BOCES' APPR plan as submitted using this online form, including required attachments, to determine if the plan rigorously complies with Education Law section 3012-c and subpart 30-2 of the Rules of the Board of Regents. Department approval does not imply endorsement of specific educational approaches in a district's or BOCES' plan.

The Department will not review any attachments other than those required in the online form. Any additional attachments supplied by the school district or BOCES are for informational purposes only for the teachers and principals reviewed under this APPR plan. Statements and/or materials in such additional attachments have not been approved and/or endorsed by the Department. However, the Department reserves the right to request further information from the school district or BOCES, as necessary, as part of its review.

If the Department reasonably believes through investigation or otherwise that statements made in this APPR plan are not true or accurate, it reserves the right to reject this plan at any time and/or to request additional information to determine the truth and/or accuracy of such statements.

1. SCHOOL DISTRICT INFORMATION

1.1) School District's BEDS Number : 420501060000

If this is not your BEDS Number, please enter the correct one below

420501060000

1.2) School District Name: JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CSD

If this is not your school district, please enter the correct one below

Jordan-Elbridge CSD

1.3) School Improvement Grant (SIG) Districts Only

SIG districts only: Indicate whether this APPR plan is for SIG schools only or for the entire district. Other districts and BOCES, please skip this question.

(No response)

1.4) Award Classification

Please check if the district has applied for and/or has been awarded any of the following (if applicable):

(No response)

1.5) Assurances

Please check all of the boxes below:

1.5) Assurances Assure that the content of this form represents the district/BOCES' entire APPR plan and that the APPR plan is in compliance with Education Law §3012-c and Subpart 30-2 of the Rules of the Board of Regents	Checked
1.5) Assurances Assure that this APPR plan will be posted on the district or BOCES website by September 10, or within 10 days after approval, whichever is later	Checked
1.5) Assurances Assure that it is understood that this district/BOCES' APPR plan will be posted in its entirety on the NYSED website following approval	Checked

1.6) Is this a first-time submission, a re-submission, or a submission of material changes to an approved APPR plan?

Re-submission to address deficiencies

1.7) Is this submission for an annual or multi-year plan?

If the plan is multi-year, please write the years that are included.

Annual (2012-13)

2. Growth on State Assessments or Comparable Measures (Teachers)

Created Wednesday, June 20, 2012

Updated Tuesday, November 20, 2012

Page 1

STATE-PROVIDED MEASURES OF STUDENT GROWTH

(25 points with an approved value-added measure)

For teachers in grades 4 - 8 Common Branch, ELA, and Math, NYSED will provide a value-added growth score. That score will incorporate students' academic history compared to similarly academically achieving students and will use special considerations for students with disabilities, English language learners, students in poverty, and, in the future, any other student-, classroom-, and school-level characteristics approved by the Board of Regents. NYSED will also provide a HEDI subcomponent rating category and score from 0 to 25 points.

While most teachers of 4-8 Common Branch, ELA and Math will have state-provided measures, some may teach other courses in addition where there is no state-provided measure. Teachers with 50 – 100% of students covered by State-provided growth measures will receive a growth score from the State for the full Growth subcomponent score of their evaluation. Teachers with 0 – 49% of students covered by State-provided growth measures must have SLOs for the Growth subcomponent of their evaluation and one SLO must use the State-provided measure if applicable for any courses. (See guidance for more detail on teachers with State-provided measures AND SLOs.)

Please note that if the Board of Regents does not approve a value-added measure for these grades/subjects for 2012-13, the State-provided growth measure will be used for 20 points in this subcomponent. NYSED will provide a HEDI subcomponent rating category and score from 0 to 20 points.

2.1) Assurances

Please check the boxes below:

2.1) Assurances Assure that the value-added growth score provided by NYSED will be used, where applicable.	Checked
2.1) Assurances Assure that the State-provided growth measure will be used if a value-added measure has not been approved for 2012-13.	Checked

STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES AS COMPARABLE GROWTH MEASURES (20 points)

Student Learning Objectives will be the other comparable growth measures for teachers in the following grades and subjects. (Please note that for teachers with more than one grade and subject, SLOs must cover the courses taught with the largest number of students, combining sections with common assessments, until a majority of students are covered.)

For core subjects: grades 6-8 Science and Social Studies, high school English Language Arts, Math, Science, and Social Studies courses associated in 2010-11 with Regents exams or, in the future, with other State assessments, the following must be used as the evidence of student learning within the SLO:

State assessments (or Regents or Regent equivalents), *required if one exists*

If no State assessment or Regents exam exists:

District-determined assessments from list of State-approved 3rd party assessments; or

District, regional or BOCES-developed assessments provided that it is rigorous and comparable across classrooms

For other grades/subjects: district-determined assessments from options below may be used as evidence of student learning within the SLO:

State assessments, *required if one exists*

List of State-approved 3rd party assessments

District, regional, or BOCES-developed assessments provided that it is rigorous and comparable across classrooms

School- or BOCES-wide, group or team results based on State assessments

Please note: If your district or BOCES does not have grade/subject-specific teachers for one or more of the rows in questions 2.2 through 2.9, choose "Not applicable" from the drop-down box and type N/A in the assessment box. This would be appropriate if, for example, common branch teachers also teach 6th grade science and/or social studies and therefore would have State-provided growth measures, not SLOs; the district or BOCES does not have certain grades; the district does not offer a specific subject; etc.

Districts or BOCES that intend to use a district, regional, or BOCES-developed assessment must include the name, grade, and subject of the assessment. For example, a regionally-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment would be written as follows: [INSERT SPECIFIC NAME OF REGION]-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment.

2.2) Grades K-3 ELA

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. State assessments must be used where applicable.

	ELA	Assessment
K	State-approved 3rd party assessment	Star Reading Enterprise Kindergarten
1	State-approved 3rd party assessment	Star Reading Enterprise Grade 1
2	State-approved 3rd party assessment	Star Reading Enterprise Grade 2

	ELA	Assessment
3	State assessment	3rd Grade State Assessment

For K-3 ELA: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in

For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on

this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.

student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.

All SLOs shall include the following elements: student population, learning content, interval of instructional time, evidence, baseline, target, HEDI criteria and rationale.

The process of setting an SLO will consist of a pre-test administered at the start of the course/year and a final examination that will be administered at the end of the course/year.

After the pre-test is administered, the range of scores will be analyzed. From this baseline data, the SLO will be developed by the teacher in consultation with the principal no later than mid-October. After the final examination is administered the percentage of students meeting the SLO shall be determined as outlined below:

Highly Effective--86% - 100% of students meet SLO target, equating to 18-20 points

Effective--76% - 85% of students meet SLO target, equating to 9-17 points

Developing--66% - 75% of students meet SLO, equating to 3-8 points

Ineffective--less than 66% of students meet SLO target, equating to 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well-above state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Highly effective is defined as 86% - 100% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

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Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

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Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well-below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Ineffective is defined as less than 66% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 0-2 points

2.3) Grades K-3 Math

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. State assessments must be used where applicable.

	Math	Assessment
K	State-approved 3rd party assessment	Star Math Enterprise Kindergarten
1	State-approved 3rd party assessment	Star Math Enterprise Grade 1
2	State-approved 3rd party assessment	Star Math Enterprise Grade 2

	Math	Assessment
3	State assessment	3rd Grade State Assessment

For Grades K-3 Math: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.

For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.

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Ineffective is defined as less than 66% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 0-2 points

2.4) Grades 6-8 Science

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. State assessments must be used where available.

	Science	Assessment
6	District, regional or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan- Elbridge Distrct Developed Grade 6 Science Final Exam
7	District, regional or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Grade 7 Science Final Exam
	Science	Assessment
8	State assessment	8th Grade State Science Assessment

For Grades 6-8 Science: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.

For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.

All SLOs shall include the following elements: student population, learning content, interval of instructional time, evidence, baseline, target, HEDI criteria and rationale.

The process of setting an SLO will consist of a pre-test administered at the start of the course/year and a final examination that will be administered at the end of the course/year.

After the pre-test is administered, the range of scores will be analyzed. From this baseline data, the SLO will be developed by the teacher in consultation with the principal no later than mid-October. After the final examination is administered the percentage of students meeting the SLO shall be determined as outlined below:

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2.5) Grades 6-8 Social Studies

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. State assessments must be used where available.

	Social Studies	Assessment
6	District, regional or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Grade 6 Social Studies Final Exam
7	District, regional or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Grade 7 Social Studies Final Exam
8	District, regional or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Grade 8 Social Studies Final Exam

For Grades 6-8 Social Studies: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.	<p>For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.</p> <p>All SLOs shall include the following elements: student population, learning content, interval of instructional time, evidence, baseline, target, HEDI criteria and rationale.</p> <p>The process of setting an SLO will consist of a pre-test administered at the start of the course/year and a final examination that will be administered at the end of the course/year.</p> <p>After the pre-test is administered, the range of scores will be analyzed. From this baseline data, the SLO will be developed by the teacher in consultation with the principal no later than mid-October. After the final examination is administered the percentage of students meeting the SLO shall be determined as outlined below: Highly Effective--86% - 100% of students meet SLO target, equating to 18-20 points</p>
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2.6) High School Social Studies Regents Courses

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. Regents assessments must be used where available.

Note: Additional high school social studies courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

		Assessment
Global 1	District, regional, or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan Elbridge District Developed Social Studies Grade 9 Final Exam

	Social Studies Regents Courses	Assessment
Global 2	Regents assessment	Regents assessment
American History	Regents assessment	Regents assessment

For High School Social Studies Regents Courses: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.

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All SLOs shall include the following elements: student

population, learning content, interval of instructional time, evidence, baseline, target, HEDI criteria and rationale.

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2.7) High School Science Regents Courses

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. Regents assessments must be used where available.

Note: Additional high school science courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

	Science Regents Courses	Assessment
Living Environment	Regents Assessment	Regents assessment
Earth Science	Regents Assessment	Regents assessment
Chemistry	Regents Assessment	Regents assessment
Physics	Regents Assessment	Regents assessment

For High School Science Regents Courses: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances

in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.

For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.

All SLOs shall include the following elements: student population, learning content, interval of instructional time, evidence, baseline, target, HEDI criteria and rationale.

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2.8) High School Math Regents Courses

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. Regents assessment must be used where available.

Note: Additional high school math courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

	Math Regents Courses	Assessment
Algebra 1	Regents assessment	Regents assessment
Geometry	Regents assessment	Regents assessment
Algebra 2	Regents assessment	Regents assessment

For High School Math Regents Courses: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.

For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.

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The process of setting an SLO will consist of a pre-test administered at the start of the course/year and a final examination that will be administered at the end of the course/year.

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Effective is defined as 76% - 85% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 9-17 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District goals for similar students.

Developing is defined as 66% - 75% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 3-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well-below District goals for similar students.

Ineffective is defined as less than 66% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 0-2 points

2.9) High School English Language Arts

Using the drop-down boxes below, please first select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment. Regents assessment must be used where available. Be sure to select the English Regents assessment in at least one grade in Task 2.9 (9, 10, and/or 11).

Note: Additional high school English courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

	High School English Courses	Assessment
Grade 9 ELA	District, regional or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed ELA Grade 9 Final Exam
Grade 10 ELA	District, regional or BOCES-developed assessment	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed ELA Grade 10 Final Exam
Grade 11 ELA	Regents assessment	NYS ELA Grade 11 Regents Exam

For High School English Language Arts: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.

For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.

All SLOs shall include the following elements: student population, learning content, interval of instructional time, evidence, baseline, target, HEDI criteria and rationale.

The process of setting an SLO will consist of a pre-test administered at the start of the course/year and a final examination that will be administered at the end of the course/year.

After the pre-test is administered, the range of scores will be analyzed. From this baseline data, the SLO will be developed by the teacher in consultation with the principal no later than mid-October. After the final examination is administered the percentage of students meeting the SLO shall be determined as outlined below:

Highly Effective--86% - 100% of students meet SLO target, equating to 18-20 points

Effective--76% - 85% of students meet SLO target, equating to 9-17 points

Developing--66% - 75% of students meet SLO, equating to 3-8 points

Ineffective--less than 66% of students meet SLO target, equating to 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well-above District goals for similar students.	Highly effective is defined as 86% - 100% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 18-20 points
Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District goals for similar students.	Effective is defined as 76% - 85% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 9-17 points
Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District goals for similar students.	Developing is defined as 66% - 75% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 3-8 points
Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well-below District goals for similar students.	Ineffective is defined as less than 66% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 0-2 points

2.10) All Other Courses

Fill in, as applicable, for all other teachers in additional grades/subjects that have Student Learning Objectives. If you need additional space, duplicate this form and upload (below) as an attachment to your APPR plan. You may combine into one line any groups of teachers for whom the answers in the boxes are the same including, for example, "all other teachers not named above" .

Course(s) or Subject(s)	Option	Assessment
PE K-12	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific PE Final Exams
Art K-12	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Art Final Exams
Music K-12	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Music Final Exams
Computer Technology	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Computer Technology Final Exams
Industrial Technology 7-12	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Industrial Technology 7-12 Final Exams
Family and Consumer Science	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Family and Consumer Science Final Exam
Business/Career Readiness	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Business/Career Readiness Final Exam
Selected Topics in Geometry	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Selected Topics in Geometry Final Exam
Algebraic Applications	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Algebraic Applications Final Exam
Web Design	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Web Design Final Exam
All AP courses	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific AP Course Final Exams
English 12	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific English 12 Final Exam
All French courses	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific French Final Exams
All Spanish courses	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Spanish Final Exams
Introduction to Environmental Science, Chemistry, and Physics	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Introduction to Environmental Science, Chemistry, and Physics Final Exams

Health	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Health Final Exam
All Social Studies Electives	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	All Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Social Studies Electives Final Exams
All other teachers not named above	District, Regional or BOCES-developed	All other Jordan-Elbridge District Developed Subject Specific Final Exams

For all other courses, as applicable: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to teachers based on SLO results consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

<p>Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 2.11, below.</p>	<p>For teachers in subject areas who will not be receiving a value added score, their growth score will be based on student learning objectives. A student learning objective (SLO) is an academic goal that is set at the start of a year/course. It represents the most important learning for the course/year. It must be specific, measurable, based on available prior student learning data, and aligned to Common Core, State standards and District priorities.</p> <p>All SLOs shall include the following elements: student population, learning content, interval of instructional time, evidence, baseline, target, HEDI criteria and rationale.</p> <p>The process of setting an SLO will consist of a pre-test administered at the start of the course/year and a final examination that will be administered at the end of the course/year.</p> <p>After the pre-test is administered, the range of scores will be analyzed. From this baseline data, the SLO will be developed by the teacher in consultation with the principal no later than mid-October. After the final examination is administered the percentage of students meeting the SLO shall be determined as outlined below: Highly Effective--86% - 100% of students meet SLO target, equating to 18-20 points Effective--76% - 85% of students meet SLO target, equating to 9-17 points Developing--66% - 75% of students meet SLO, equating to 3-8 points Ineffective--less than 66% of students meet SLO target, equating to 0-2 points</p>
<p>Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well-above District goals for similar students.</p>	<p>Highly effective is defined as 86% - 100% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 18-20 points</p>
<p>Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District goals for similar students.</p>	<p>Effective is defined as 76% - 85% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 9-17 points</p>
<p>Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District goals for similar students.</p>	<p>Developing is defined as 66% - 75% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 3-8 points</p>

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well-below District goals for similar students.

Ineffective is defined as less than 66% of the students meet the SLO target, earning the teacher 0-2 points

If you need additional space, upload a copy of "Form 2.10: All Other Courses" as an attachment for review. Click here for a downloadable copy of Form 2.10. (MS Word)

(No response)

2.11) HEDI Tables or Graphics

For questions 2.2 through 2.10 above, if you are using tables or other graphics to explain your general process for assigning HEDI categories, please combine all such tables or graphics into a single file, labeling each so it is clear which grades/subjects it applies to, and upload that file here.

assets/survey-uploads/5364/144297-TXEttx9bQW/hedi.table.2..11.revised.docx

2.12) Locally Developed Controls

Describe any adjustments, controls, or other special considerations that will be used in setting targets for Comparable Growth Measures, the rationale for including such factors, and the processes that will be used to mitigate potentially problematic incentives associated with the controls or adjustments.

Note: The only allowable controls or adjustments for Comparable Growth Measures are those used in State Growth measures, which include: student prior academic history, students with disabilities, English language learners, students in poverty, and, in the future, any other student-, classroom-, and school-level characteristics approved by the Board of Regents.

The district's plan does not call for locally developed controls.

2.13) Teachers with more than one growth measure

If educators have more than one state-provided growth or value-added measure, those measures will be combined into one HEDI rating and score for the growth subcomponent according to a formula determined by the Commissioner. (Examples: Common branch teacher with state-provided value-added measures for both ELA and Math in 4th grades; Middle school math teacher with both 7th and 8th grade math courses.)

If educators have more than one SLO for comparable growth (or a State-provided growth measure and an SLO for comparable growth), the measures will each earn a score from 0-20 points which Districts must weight proportionately based on the number of students in each SLO.

2.14) Assurances

Please check all of the boxes below:

2.14) Assurances Assure the application of locally developed controls will be rigorous, fair, and transparent and only those used for State Growth will be used for Comparable Growth Measures.	Checked
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2.14) Assurances Assure that use of locally developed controls will not have a disparate impact on underrepresented students in accordance with applicable civil rights laws.	Checked
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2.14) Assurances Assure that enrolled students in accordance with teacher of record policies are included and may not be excluded.	Checked
--	---------

2.14) Assurances Assure that procedures for ensuring data accuracy and integrity are being utilized.	Checked
2.14) Assurances Assure that district will develop SLOs according to the rules established by SED (see: http://usny.nysed.gov/rttt/teachers-leaders/slo/home.html).	Checked
2.14) Assurances Assure that past academic performance and/or baseline academic data of students will be taken into account when developing an SLO.	Checked
2.14) Assurances Assure that the process for assigning points for SLOs for the Growth Subcomponent will use the narrative HEDI descriptions described in the regulations to effectively differentiate educators in ways that improve student learning and instruction.	Checked
2.14) Assurances Assure that it is possible for an educator to earn each point, including 0, for SLOs in the Growth subcomponent scoring range.	Checked
2.14) Assurances Assure that processes are in place to monitor SLOs to ensure rigor and comparability across classrooms.	Checked

3. Local Measures (Teachers)

Created Monday, July 16, 2012

Updated Monday, November 19, 2012

Page 1

Locally Selected Measures of Student Achievement or Growth

"Comparable across classrooms" means that the same locally-selected measures of student achievement or growth must be used across all classrooms in the same grade/subject in the district or BOCES.

Please note: If your district or BOCES does not have grade/subject-specific teachers for one or more of the rows in questions 3.1 through 3.11, choose "Not applicable" from the drop-down box and type N/A in the assessment box. This would be appropriate if, for example, the district does not have certain grades, the district does not offer a specific subject, etc.

Locally selected measures for common branch teachers: This form calls for locally selected measures in both ELA and math in grades typically served by common branch teachers. Districts may select local measures for common branch teachers that involve subjects other than ELA and math. Whatever local measure is selected for common branch teachers, please enter it under ELA and/or math and describe the assessment used, including the subject. Use N/A for other lines in that grade level that are served by common branch teachers. Describe the HEDI criteria for the measure in the same section where you identified the locally selected measure and assessment.

.Please note: Only one locally-selected measure is required for teachers in the same grade/subject across the district, but some districts may prefer to have more than one measure for all teachers within a grade/subject. Also note: Districts may use more than one locally-selected measure for **different** groups of teachers **within a grade/subject** if the district/BOCES verifies comparability based on Standards of Educational and Psychological Testing. This APPR form only provides space for one measure for teachers in the same grade/subject across the district. Therefore, if more than one locally-selected measure is used for all teachers in any grades or subject, districts must complete additional copies of this form and upload as attachments for review.

Districts or BOCES that intend to use a district, regional, or BOCES-developed assessment must include the name, grade, and subject of the assessment. For example, a regionally-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment would be written as follows: [INSERT SPECIFIC NAME OF REGION]-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment.

LOCALLY SELECTED MEASURES OF STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT FOR TEACHERS IN GRADES FOR WHICH THERE IS AN APPROVED VALUE-ADDED MEASURE (15 points)

Growth or achievement measure(s) from these options.

One or more of the following types of local measures of student growth or achievement may be used for the evaluation of teachers.

The options in the drop-down menus below are abbreviated from the following list:

Measures based on:

- 1) The change in percentage of a teacher’s students who achieve a specific level of performance as determined locally, on such assessments/examinations compared to those students’ level of performance on such assessments/examinations in the previous school year (e.g., a three percentage point increase in students earning the proficient level (three) or better performance level on the 7th grade math State assessment compared to those same students’ performance levels on the 6th grade math State assessment, or an increase in the percentage of a teacher’s students earning the advanced performance level (four) on the 4th grade ELA or math State assessments compared to those students’ performance levels on the 3rd grade ELA or math State assessments)

- 2) Teacher specific growth score computed by the Department based on the percent of the teacher’s students earning a State determined level of growth. The methodology to translate such growth into the State-established sub-component scoring ranges shall be determined locally

- 3) Teacher specific achievement or growth score computed in a manner determined locally based on a measure of student performance on the State assessments, Regents examinations and/or Department approved alternative examinations other than the measure described in subclause 1) or 2) of this clause

- 4) Student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined locally based on a State-approved 3rd party assessment

- 5) Student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined locally based on a district, regional or BOCES-developed assessment that is rigorous and comparable across classrooms

- 6) A school-wide measure of either student growth or achievement based on either:
 - (i) A State-provided student growth score covering all students in the school that took the State assessment in ELA or Math in Grades 4-8; or
 - (ii) A school-wide measure of student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined locally based on a State, State-approved 3rd party, or district, regional or BOCES developed assessment that is rigorous and comparable across classrooms.

3.1) Grades 4-8 ELA

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
4	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
5	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

6	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
7	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
8	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For Grades 4-8 ELA: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.3, below.	For teachers in grades for which there is an approved value-added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78%-100% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 15 points Effective is defined as 69-77% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 9 to 14 points Developing is defined as 63-68% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 3-8 points Ineffective is defined as 0-62% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 0-2 points
Highly Effective (14 - 15 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Highly Effective is defined as 78%-100% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 15 points
Effective (8- 13 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Effective is defined as 69-77% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 9 to 14 points
Developing (3 - 7 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Developing is defined as 63-68% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 3-8 points
Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Ineffective is defined as 0-62% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 0-2 points

3.2) Grades 4-8 Math

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
4	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
5	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
6	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
7	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
8	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For Grades 4-8 Math: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.3, below.	For teachers in grades for which there is an approved value-added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78%-100% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 15 points Effective is defined as 69-77% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 9 to 14 points Developing is defined as 63-68% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 3-8 points Ineffective is defined as 0-62% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 0-2 points
Highly Effective (14 - 15 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Highly Effective is defined as 78%-100% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 15 points
Effective (8- 13 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Effective is defined as 69-77% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 9 to 14 points
Developing (3 - 7 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Developing is defined as 63-68% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 3-8 points
Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement	Ineffective is defined as 0-62% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 0-2 points

for grade/subject.

3.3) HEDI Tables or Graphics

For questions 3.1 and 3.2 above, if you are using tables or other graphics to explain your general process for assigning HEDI categories, please combine all such tables or graphics into a single file, labeling each so it is clear which grades/subjects it applies to, and upload that file here.

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LOCALLY SELECTED MEASURES OF STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT FOR ALL OTHER TEACHERS (20 points)

Growth or achievement measure(s) from these options.

One or more of the following types of local measures of student growth or achievement may be used for the evaluation of teachers.

The options in the drop-down menus below are abbreviated from the following list:

Measures based on:

- 1) The change in percentage of a teacher's students who achieve a specific level of performance as determined locally, on such assessments/examinations compared to those students' level of performance on such assessments/examinations in the previous school year (e.g., a three percentage point increase in students earning the proficient level (three) or better performance level on the 7th grade math State assessment compared to those same students' performance levels on the 6th grade math State assessment, or an increase in the percentage of a teacher's students earning the advanced performance level (four) on the 4th grade ELA or math State assessments compared to those students' performance levels on the 3rd grade ELA or math State assessments)
- 2) Teacher specific growth score computed by the Department based on the percent of the teacher's students earning a State determined level of growth. The methodology to translate such growth into the State-established sub-component scoring ranges shall be determined locally
- 3) Teacher specific achievement or growth score computed in a manner determined locally based on a measure of student performance on the State assessments, Regents examinations and/or Department approved alternative examinations other than the measure described in 1) or 2), above
- 4) Student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined locally based on a State-approved 3rd party assessment
- 5) Student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined locally based on a district, regional or BOCES-developed assessment that is rigorous and comparable across classrooms

6) A school-wide measure of either student growth or achievement based on either:

(i) A State-provided student growth score covering all students in the school that took the State assessment in ELA or Math in Grades 4-8; or

(ii) A school-wide measure of student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined locally based on a State, State-approved 3rd party, or district, regional or BOCES developed assessment that is rigorous and comparable across classrooms

7) Student Learning Objectives (only allowable for teachers in grades/subjects without a Value-Added measure for the State Growth subcomponent). Used with one of the following assessments: State, State-approved 3rd party, or a district, regional or BOCES-developed assessment that is rigorous and comparable across classrooms

3.4) Grades K-3 ELA

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
K	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
1	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
2	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
3	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For Grades K-3 ELA: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.

For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
 Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
 Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18-20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective (9-17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

3.5) Grades K-3 Math

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
K	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
1	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
2	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
3	6(ii) School-wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For Grades K-3 Math: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.

For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This

measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows:
 Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points
 Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
 Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
 Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18-20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective (9-17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District -or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

3.6) Grades 6-8 Science

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
6	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
7	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
8	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For Grades 6-8 Science: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in

For teachers for whom there is no approved value-added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based

this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.

on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows:
 Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points
 Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
 Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
 Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

3.7) Grades 6-8 Social Studies

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
6	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
7	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
8	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For Grades 6-8 Social Studies: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

<p>Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.</p>	<p>For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points</p>
<p>Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.</p>	<p>Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points</p>
<p>Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.</p>	<p>Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points</p>
<p>Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.</p>	<p>Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points</p>
<p>Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.</p>	<p>Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points</p>

3.8) High School Social Studies

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

Note: Additional high school social studies courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
Global 1	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

Global 2	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
American History	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For High School Social Studies: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.	For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficient level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points
Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points
Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

3.9) High School Science

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

Note: Additional high school science courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
Living Environment	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Earth Science	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Chemistry	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Physics	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For High School Science: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.	For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points
Highly Effective (18-20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
Effective (9 - 17points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

3.10) High School Math

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

Note: Additional high school math courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
Algebra 1	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Geometry	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Algebra 2	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For High School Math: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.	For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring
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at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
 Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
 Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

3.11) High School English Language Arts

Using the drop-down boxes below, select the assessment that will be used for the locally-selected measure for the grade/subject listed. Then name the specific assessment, listing the full name of the assessment.

Note: Additional high school English courses may be listed below in the "All Other Courses" section of this form.

	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
Grade 9 ELA	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Grade 10 ELA	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Grade 11 ELA	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For High School English Language Arts: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.

For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State

assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows:
 Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points
 Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
 Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
 Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

3.12) All Other Courses

Fill in for additional grades/subjects, as applicable. If you need additional space, complete additional copies of this form and upload (below) as attachments.

Course(s) or Subject(s)	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
PE K-12	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Art K-12	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Music K-12	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Computer Technology	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Industrial Technology 7-12	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Family and Consumer Science	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

Business/Career Readiness	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Selected Topics in Geometry	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Algebraic Applications	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Web Design	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
All AP Courses	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
English 12	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
All French courses	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
All Spanish courses	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Introduction to Environmental Science, Chemistry, and Physics	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
Health	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
All Social Studies electives	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams
All other teachers not named above	6(ii) School wide measure computed locally	3-8 State assessments and 9-12 Regents exams

For all additional courses, as applicable: describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a teacher to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a teacher to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the general process for assigning HEDI categories for these grades/subjects in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic at 3.13, below.

For teachers for whom there is no value added measure, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows: Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points
Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students

scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES -adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points

Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

If you need additional space, upload a copy of "Form 3.12: All Other Courses" as an attachment for review. Click here for a downloadable copy of Form 3.12. (MS Word)

(No response)

3.13) HEDI Tables or Graphics

For questions 3.4 through 3.12 above, if you are using tables or other graphics to explain your general process for assigning HEDI categories, please combine all such tables or graphics into a single file, labeling each so it is clear which grades/subjects it applies to, and upload that file here.

assets/survey-uploads/5139/152468-y92vNseFa4/hedi.table.3.1-3.12.revised_1.docx

3.14) Locally Developed Controls

Describe any adjustments, controls, or other special considerations that will be used in setting targets for local measures, the rationale for including such factors, and the processes that will be used to mitigate potentially problematic incentives associated with the controls or adjustments.

The district's plan does not call for locally developed controls.

3.15) Teachers with More Than One Locally Selected Measure

Describe the district's process for combining multiple locally selected measures, each scored from 0-15 or 0-20 points as applicable, into a single subcomponent HEDI category and score. Examples may include: 4th grade teacher with locally-selected measures for both ELA and Math; High School teacher with more than 1 SLO.

The district's plan does not call for mutiple locally selected measures.

3.16) Assurances

Please check all of the boxes below:

3.16) Assurances Assure the application of locally-developed controls will be rigorous, fair, and transparent.	Checked
3.16) Assurances Assure that use of locally-developed controls will not have a disparate impact on underrepresented students in accordance with any applicable civil rights laws.	Checked
3.16) Assurances Assure that enrolled students in accordance with teacher of record policies are included and may not be excluded.	Checked
3.16) Assurances Assure that procedures for ensuring data accuracy and integrity are being utilized.	Checked
3.16) Assurances Assure that the process for assigning points for locally selected measures will use the narrative HEDI descriptions described in the regulations to effectively differentiate educators' performance in ways that improve student learning and instruction.	Checked
3.16) Assurances Assure that it is possible for an educator to earn each point, including 0, for the locally-selected measures subcomponent.	Checked
3.16) Assurances Assure that locally-selected measures are rigorous and comparable across all classrooms in the same grade/subject in the district.	Checked
3.16) Assurances If more than one type of locally-selected measure is used for different groups of teachers within a grade/subject, certify that the measures are comparable based on the Standards of Educational and Psychological Testing.	Checked
3.16) Assurances Assure that all locally-selected measures for a teacher are different than any measures used for the State assessment or other comparable measures subcomponent.	Checked

4. Other Measures of Effectiveness (Teachers)

Created Monday, July 16, 2012

Updated Sunday, November 04, 2012

Page 1

4.1) Teacher Practice Rubric

Select a teacher practice rubric from the menu of State-approved rubrics to assess performance based on NYS Teaching Standards. If your district has been granted a variance by NYSED through the variance process, select "district variance" from the menu.

The "Second Rubric" space is required for districts that have chosen an observation-only rubric (CLASS or NYSTCE) from the State-approved list.

(Note: Any district may use multiple rubrics, as long as the same rubric(s) is used for all classroom teachers in a grade/subject across the district.)

NYSUT Teacher Practice Rubric

(No response)

4.2) Points Within Other Measures

State the number of points (if any) that will be assigned to each of the following measures, making sure that the points total 60. If you are not using a particular measure, enter 0.

This APPR form only provides one space for assigning points within other measures for teachers. If your district/BOCES prefers to assign points differently for different groups of teachers, enter the points assignment for one group of teachers below. For the other group(s) of teachers, fill out copies of this form and upload as an attachment for review.

Is the following points assignment applicable to all teachers?

Yes

If you checked "no" above, fill in the group of teachers covered (e.g., "probationary teachers"):

(No response)

Multiple (at least two) classroom observations by principal or other trained administrator, at least one of which must be unannounced [at least 31 points]	40
One or more observation(s) by trained independent evaluators	0
Observations by trained in-school peer teachers	0
Feedback from students using State-approved survey tool	0
Feedback from parents/caregivers using State-approved survey tool	0
Structured reviews of lesson plans, student portfolios and other teacher artifacts	20

If the above points assignment is not for "all teachers," fill out an additional copy of "Form 4.2: Points Within Other Measures" for each group of teachers, combine them into a single file, and upload as an attachment for review. Click here for a downloadable copy of Form 4.2. (MS Word)

(No response)

4.3) Survey Tools (if applicable)

If you indicated above that 1 or more points will be assigned to feedback using a State-approved survey tool, please check the box below:

(No response)

If the district plans to use one or more of the following surveys of P-12 students from the menu of State-approved surveys, please check all that apply. If your district has been granted a variance by NYSED through the variance process, select "district variance" from the menu. Note: As the State-approved survey lists are updated, this form will be updated with additional approved survey tools.

[SurveyTools.0] Tripod Early Elementary Student Perception Survey K-2	(No response)
[SurveyTools.1] Tripod Elementary Student Perception Survey 3-5	(No response)
[SurveyTools.2] Tripod Secondary Student Perception Survey	(No response)
[SurveyTools.3] District Variance	(No response)

4.4) Assurances

Please check all of the boxes below:

4.4) Assurances Assure that all NYS Teaching Standards not addressed in classroom observations are assessed at least once a year.	Checked
4.4) Assurances Assure that the process for assigning points for the "other measures" subcomponent will use the narrative HEDI descriptions described in the regulations to effectively differentiate educators' performance in ways that improve student learning and instruction.	Checked
4.4) Assurances Assure that it is possible for an educator to earn each point, including 0, for the "other measures" subcomponent.	Checked
4.4) Assurances Assure that the same rubric(s) is used for all classroom teachers in a grade/subject across the district.	Checked

4.5) Process for Assigning Points and Determining HEDI Ratings

Describe the process for assigning points and determining HEDI ratings using the teacher practice rubric and/or any additional instruments used in the district. Include, if applicable, the process for combining results of multiple "other measures" into a single result for this subcomponent.

The remaining 60% of the composite effectiveness score shall be based on teacher observations and review of artifacts. The district will use the NYSUT Practice Rubric to evaluate teachers across the 7 standards. Observations will be scored in a holistic manner. Evidence will be matched to indicators and a rubric score of 1-4 will be awarded. Indicators not observed will not be scored. 40 points will be allotted to professional standards 1-5 and 20 points to professional standards 6 and 7. An average of the rubric points allotted to standards 1-5 will be calculated and multiplied by 2/3, an average of the rubric points allotted to standards 6 and 7 will be calculated and multiplied by 1/3 and the sum of those averages will equate to a weighted score.

Highly effective is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 3.3-4, earning the teacher 59-60 points. Effective is defined as

attaining an average rubric rating of 2.5-3.2, earning the teacher 57-58 points. Developing is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 1.5-2.4, earning the teacher 50-56 points. Ineffective is defined as an average rubric rating of 1.0-1.4 earning the teacher 0-49 points.

If you are using tables or other graphics to explain your process for assigning points and determining HEDI ratings, please clearly label them, combine them into a single file, and upload that file here.

assets/survey-uploads/5091/152485-eka9yMJ855/hedi.table.4.5.revised_1.docx

Describe the level of performance required for each of the HEDI rating categories, consistent with the narrative descriptions in the regulations for the "other measures" subcomponent. Also describe how the points available within each HEDI category will be assigned.

Highly Effective: Overall performance and results exceed NYS Teaching Standards.	Highly effective is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 3.3-4, earning the teacher 59-60 points
Effective: Overall performance and results meet NYS Teaching Standards.	Effective is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 2.5-3.2, earning the teacher 57-58 points
Developing: Overall performance and results need improvement in order to meet NYS Teaching Standards.	Developing is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 1.5-2.4, earning the teacher 50-56 points
Ineffective: Overall performance and results do not meet NYS Teaching Standards.	Ineffective is defined as an average rubric rating of 1.0-1.4, earning the teacher 0-49 points

Provide the ranges for the 60-point scoring bands.

Highly Effective	59-60
Effective	57-58
Developing	50-56
Ineffective	0-49

4.6) Observations of Probationary Teachers

Enter the minimum number of observations of each type, making sure that the number of observations "by building principal or other trained administrators" totals at least 2. If your APPR plan does not include a particular type of observation, enter 0 in that box.

By building principals or other trained administrators

4.6) Observations of Probationary Teachers Formal/Long	2
4.6) Observations of Probationary Teachers Informal/Short	0
4.6) Observations of Probationary Teachers Enter Total	2

By trained in-school peer teachers or other trained reviewers

Formal/Long	1
Informal/Short	0

Independent evaluators

Formal/Long	0
Informal/Short	0

Will formal/long observations of probationary teachers be done in person, by video, or both?

-
- In Person
-

Will informal/short observations of probationary teachers be done in person, by video, or both?

-
- In Person
-

4.7) Observations of Tenured Teachers

Enter the minimum number of observations of each type, making sure that the number of observations "by building principal or other trained administrators" totals at least 2. If your APPR plan does not include a particular type of observation, enter 0 in that box.

By building principals or other trained administrators

4.7) Observations of Tenured Teachers Formal/Long	2
4.7) Observations of Tenured Teachers Informal/Short	0
4.7) Observations of Tenured Teachers Total	2

By trained in-school peer teachers or other trained reviewers

Formal/Long	0
Informal/Short	0

Independent evaluators

Formal/Long	0
Informal/Short	0

Will formal/long observations of tenured teachers be done in person, by video, or both?

-
- In Person
-

Will informal/short observations of tenured teachers be done in person, by video, or both?

5. Composite Scoring (Teachers)

Created Monday, July 16, 2012

Updated Sunday, November 04, 2012

Page 1

Standards for Rating Categories

Growth or Comparable Measures

Locally-selected Measures of

growth or achievement

Other Measures of Effectiveness

(Teacher and Leader standards)

Highly

Effective

Results are well above state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for student growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results exceed NYS Teaching Standards.

Effective

Results meet state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for student growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results meet NYS Teaching Standards.

Developing

Results are below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for student growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results need improvement in order to meet NYS Teaching Standards.

Ineffective

Results are well below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for student growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results do not meet NYS Teaching Standards.

For the 2013-2014 school year and beyond, the Commissioner shall review the specific scoring ranges for each of the rating categories annually before the start of each school year and shall recommend any changes to the Board of Regents for consideration.

5.1) The 2012-13 scoring ranges for educators for whom there is no approved Value-Added measure of student growth will be:

2012-13 where there is no Value-Added measure

Growth or Comparable Measures

Locally-selected Measures of

growth or achievement

Other Measures of Effectiveness

(60 points)

Overall

Composite Score

Highly Effective

18-20

18-20

Ranges determined locally--see below

91-100

Effective

9-17

9-17

75-90

Developing

3-8

3-8

65-74

Ineffective

0-2

0-2

0-64

Insert district's or BOCES' negotiated HEDI scoring ranges for the Other Measures of Effectiveness subcomponent (same as question 4.5), from 0 to 60 points

Highly Effective	59-60
Effective	57-58
Developing	50-56
Ineffective	0-49

5.2) The 2012-13 scoring ranges for educators for whom there is an approved Value-Added measure for student growth will be:

2012-13 where Value-Added growth measure applies

Growth or Comparable Measures

**Locally-selected Measures of
growth or achievement**

Other Measures of Effectiveness

(60 points)

Overall

Composite Score

Highly Effective

22-25

14-15

Ranges determined locally--see above

91-100

Effective

10-21

8-13

75-90

Developing

3-9

3-7

65-74

Ineffective

0-2

0-2

0-64

6. Additional Requirements - Teachers

Created Wednesday, June 20, 2012

Updated Sunday, November 18, 2012

Page 1

6.1) Assurances -- Improvement Plans

Please check the boxes below:

6.1) Assurances -- Improvement Plans Assure that teachers who receive a Developing or Ineffective rating will receive a Teacher Improvement Plan (TIP) within 10 school days from the opening of classes in the school year following the performance year	Checked
6.1) Assurances -- Improvement Plans Assure that TIP plans shall include: identification of needed areas of improvement, a timeline for achieving improvement, the manner in which the improvement will be assessed, and, where appropriate, differentiated activities to support a teacher's improvement in those areas	Checked

6.2) Attachment: Teacher Improvement Plan Forms

As a required attachment to this APPR plan, upload the TIP forms that are used in the school district or BOCES. For a list of supported file types, go to the Resources folder (above) and click Technical Tips.

[assets/survey-uploads/5265/144303-Df0w3Xx5v6/tip.revised.doc](#)

6.3) Appeals Process

Pursuant to Education Law section 3012-c, a teacher may only challenge the following in an appeal:

(1) the substance of the annual professional performance review

(2) the school district's or BOCES' adherence to the standards and methodologies required for such reviews, pursuant to Education Law section 3012-c

(3) the adherence to the regulations of the Commissioner and compliance with any applicable locally negotiated procedures, as well as the school district's or BOCES' issuance and/or implementation of the terms of the teacher or principal improvement plan, as required under Education Law section 3012-c

Describe the procedure for ensuring that appeals of annual performance evaluations will be handled in a timely and expeditious way:

To the extent a teacher wishes to challenge his/her performance review and/or improvement plan (TIP) under the new APPR system, the District has developed an appeals procedure. A teacher who receives an effectiveness composite score rating of "ineffective" or "developing" may appeal his or her performance review. Ratings of "highly effective" or "effective" cannot be appealed.

A probationary teacher will not be dismissed without regard to the APPR except for statutorily and constitutionally permissible

reasons, including but not limited to misconduct.

In accordance with the law, for purposes of disciplinary proceedings under Education Law §3020-a, a “pattern” of ineffective teaching or performance shall be defined as two consecutive annual ineffective ratings received by a teacher through the APPR process.

This Agreement is made by and between the Jordan-Elbridge Central School District (“District”) and the Jordan-Elbridge Teachers’ Association (“Association”), collectively referred to herein as the “Parties”.

In order to implement the requirements of N.Y. Education Law § 3012-c, the District and the Association hereby agree as follows:

1. Where and to the extent applicable, the Annual Professional Performance Review of classroom teachers shall be a significant factor for employment decisions and teacher development, and will be subject to any procedures which may in the future be negotiated by the District and the Association.

2. A unit member holding the position of classroom teacher may appeal only the substance of the Annual Professional Performance Review, the District’s adherence to the standards and methodologies required for such review, and the District’s compliance with its procedures for conducting the Annual Professional Performance Review, or its issuance and/or implementation of the terms of the Teacher Improvement Plan.

Only tenured teachers may file an appeal. Non-tenured teachers will have the right to add a response to the annual evaluation, which will be kept in his/her personnel file with the annual evaluation. A teacher may not file multiple appeals regarding the same performance review. All grounds for appealing a particular performance review must be raised within the same appeal. Any grounds not raised at the time the appeal is filed shall be deemed waived.

Such appeal must be submitted in writing to the Administrator performing the Annual Professional Performance Review or Teacher Improvement Plan. The writing must explain in detail the specific basis for the appeal, and provide any documents in support of the appeal. The appeal must be submitted within five (5) calendar days of the issuance of the Annual Professional Performance Review or Teacher Improvement Plan, or other act under this section which is the subject of the appeal, or it is deemed waived. Within ten calendar days of receipt of the appeal, the Administrator conducting the Annual Professional Performance Review or Teacher Improvement Plan shall submit a written determination. The absence of a determination shall be deemed a denial of the appeal.

If the teacher received an “ineffective” or “developing” rating and disagrees with the determination, the teacher may submit a copy of the appeal, the determination, and a written statement explaining in detail the basis for disagreement with the determination, to a Labor-Management Panel within five (5) calendar days of the date of the determination. The Labor-Management Panel will consist of the Assistant Superintendent for Instruction (or his/her designee), the Association President (or his/her designee), a second administrator to be appointed by the District, and a second union member to be appointed by the Association. Either the Association or the District may replace any member of the Panel that it has appointed at any time. If a member of the Panel was involved in the initial evaluation, then he or she will be recused for that appeal, and a substitute will be appointed by the party that appointed him or her. The Labor-Management Panel shall provide the teacher with the opportunity to meet with the Panel within five calendar days of the date the teacher’s request was received (or such other convenient time as may be determined by the Panel), and shall render a final determination on the appeal within ten calendar days after the date on which the teacher was provided the opportunity to meet with the Panel. A decision by a majority of the Labor-Management panel will be final and binding on all parties.

If the Labor-Management Panel is deadlocked, or if it fails to issue a final determination within the designated time, then the teacher may submit the appeal to the Superintendent by submitting a written request within fifteen (15) calendar days of when he/she had the opportunity to meet with the Panel. The Superintendent shall issue a written decision within thirty (30) calendar days after receiving such written appeal. If the Superintendent does not issue a timely written decision, then he or she will be deemed to have adopted the written decision of the evaluator. The Superintendent’s decision shall be final, binding, and unreviewable.

The teacher bringing an appeal has the burden of demonstrating a clear legal right to the relief requested and the burden of establishing that there is no substantial evidence upon which to base the District’s conclusion.

An appeal or determination under this section shall be exempt from the grievance and arbitration provisions in Article III of the Collective Negotiations Agreement, except that a classroom teacher may proceed through Article III of the Collective Negotiations Agreement solely to challenge the District’s adherence to any procedural standards set forth in the Collective Negotiations Agreement which apply to the issuance of an Annual Professional Performance Review or a Teacher Improvement Plan. However, nothing in this paragraph shall in any way restrict or affect the District’s non-reviewable authority to terminate the appointment of or deny tenure to a probationary teacher, and any such termination or denial shall not in any way be subject to Article III of the Collective Negotiations Agreement. Moreover, the fact that a performance review is under appeal will not slow or otherwise affect the process of formulating and implementing a Teacher Improvement Plan.

6.4) Training and Certification of Lead Evaluators and Evaluators

Describe the process by which evaluators will be trained and the process for how the district will certify and re-certify lead evaluators. Describe the process for ensuring inter-rater reliability. Describe the duration and nature of such training.

The superintendent will ensure that all evaluators have been trained and that all lead evaluators have been trained and certified in accordance with regulation. The District will utilize the NYSUT Innovation Teacher Practice Rubric Evaluator Academy and BOCES Network Team evaluator training and lead evaluator training and certification in accordance with SED procedures and processes so as to ensure inter-rater reliability. Lead evaluator training will include training on:

- (1)The New York State Teaching Standards, and their related elements and performance indicators and the Leadership Standards and their related functions, as applicable;*
- (2)Evidence-based observation techniques that are grounded in research;*
- (3)Application and use of the student growth percentile model and the value-added growth model;*
- (4)Application and use of the teacher or principal rubric(s), including training on the effective application of such rubrics to observe a teacher or principal's practice;*
- (5)Application and use of any assessment tools that the District utilizes to evaluate its classroom teachers or building principals, including but not limited to, structured portfolio reviews; student, parent, teacher and/or community surveys; professional growth goals and school improvement goals, etc.;*
- (6)Application and use of any locally selected measures of student achievement used by the district evaluate its teachers or principals;*
- (7)Use of the Statewide Instructional Reporting System;*
- (8)The scoring methodology including how scores are generated for each subcomponent and the composite effectiveness score and application and use of the scoring ranges prescribed by the Commissioner for the four designated rating categories used for the teacher's or principal's overall rating and their subcomponent ratings; and*
- (9)Specific considerations in evaluating teachers and principals of English language learners and students with disabilities.*

The Superintendent will ensure that lead evaluators participate in annual training and are re-certified on an annual basis. The BOCES Network Team and personnel associated with the NYSUT Innovation Teacher Practice Rubric Evaluator Academy will be utilized to provide the training and recertification. Any individual who fails to achieve required training, certification or re-certification, as applicable, shall not conduct or complete evaluations.

6.5) Assurances -- Evaluators

Please check the boxes below:

-
- Checked
-

(1) the New York State Teaching Standards, and their related elements and performance indicators and the Leadership Standards and their related functions, as applicable

(2) evidence-based observation techniques that are grounded in research

(3) application and use of the student growth percentile model and the value-added growth model as defined in section 30-2.2 of this Subpart

(4) application and use of the State-approved teacher or principal rubric(s) selected by the district or BOCES for use in evaluations, including training on the effective application of such rubrics to observe a teacher or principal's practice

(5) application and use of any assessment tools that the school district or BOCES utilizes to evaluate its classroom teachers or building principals, including but not limited to, structured portfolio reviews; student, parent, teacher and/or community surveys; professional growth goals and school improvement goals, etc.

(6) application and use of any State-approved locally selected measures of student achievement used by the school district or BOCES to evaluate its teachers or principals

(7) use of the Statewide Instructional Reporting System

(8) the scoring methodology utilized by the Department and/or the district or BOCES to evaluate a teacher or principal under this Subpart, including how scores are generated for each subcomponent and the composite effectiveness score and application and use of the scoring ranges prescribed by the Commissioner for the four designated rating categories used for the teacher's or principal's overall rating and their subcomponent ratings

(9) specific considerations in evaluating teachers and principals of English language learners and students with disabilities

-
- Checked
-

6.6) Assurances -- Teachers

Please check all of the boxes below:

6.6) Assurances -- Teachers Assure the entire APPR plan will be completed for each teacher as soon as practicable, but in no case later than September 1 of the school year next following the school year for which the classroom teacher's performance is being measured.	Checked
6.6) Assurances -- Teachers Assure that the district or BOCES will provide the teacher's score and rating on the locally selected measures subcomponent, if available, and on the other measures of teacher and principal effectiveness subcomponent for a teacher's annual professional performance review, in writing, no later than the last school day of the school year for which the teacher or principal is being measured.	Checked
6.6) Assurances -- Teachers Assure that the APPR will be put on the district website by September 10 or within 10 days after approval, whichever is later.	Checked
6.6) Assurances -- Teachers Assure that the evaluation system will be used as a significant factor for employment decisions.	Checked
6.6) Assurances -- Teachers Assure that teachers will receive timely and constructive feedback as part of the evaluation process.	Checked
6.6) Assurances -- Teachers Assure the district has appeal procedures that are consistent with the regulations and that they provide for the timely and expeditious resolution of an appeal.	Checked

6.7) Assurances -- Data

Please check all of the boxes below:

6.7) Assurances -- Data Assure that SED will receive accurate teacher and student data, including enrollment and attendance data, and any other student, teacher, school, course, and teacher/student linkage data necessary to comply with regulations, in a format and timeline prescribed by the Commissioner.	Checked
6.7) Assurances -- Data Certify that the district provides an opportunity for every classroom teacher to verify the subjects and/or student rosters assigned to them.	Checked
6.7) Assurances -- Data Assure scores for all teachers will be reported to NYSED for each subcomponent, as well as the composite rating, as per NYSED requirements.	Checked

7. Growth on State Assessments or Comparable Measures (Principals)

Created Friday, July 20, 2012

Updated Monday, December 10, 2012

Page 1

7.1) STATE-PROVIDED MEASURES OF STUDENT GROWTH (25 points with an approved Value-Added Measure)

For principals in buildings with Grades 4-8 ELA, Math and/or High School courses with State or Regents assessments, (or principals of programs with any of these assessments), NYSED will provide value-added measures. NYSED will also provide a HEDI subcomponent rating category and score from 0 to 25 points.

In order for a principal to receive a State-provided value-added measure, at least 30% of the students in the principal's school or program must take the applicable State or Regents assessments. This will include most schools in the State.

Value-Added measures will apply to schools or principals with the following grade configurations in this district (please list, e.g., K-5, PK-6, 6-8, 6-12, 9-12):

5-8 Jordan-Elbridge Middle School
9-12 Jordan-Elbridge High School
K-4 Elbridge Elementary School
(No response)
(No response)
(No response)
(No response)

7.2) Assurances -- State-Provided Measures of Student Growth

Please check the boxes below:

7.2) Assurances -- State-Provided Measures of Student Growth Assure that the value-added growth score provided by NYSED will be used, where applicable	Checked
7.2) Assurances -- State-Provided Measures of Student Growth Assure that the State-provided growth measure will be used if a value-added measure has not been approved for 2012-13	Checked

7.3) STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES AS COMPARABLE GROWTH MEASURES (20 points)

Student Learning Objectives will be the other comparable growth measures for principals in buildings or programs in which fewer than 30% of students take Grades 4-8 ELA, Math, and/or High School courses with State or Regents assessments. SLOs will be developed using the assessment covering the most students in the school or program and continuing until at least 30% of students in the school or program are covered by SLOs. District-determined assessments from the options below may be used as evidence of student learning within the SLO:

State assessments, *required if one exists*

District, regional, or BOCES-developed assessments that are rigorous and comparable across classrooms

List of State-approved 3rd party assessments

First, list the school or program type this SLO applies to. Then, using the drop-down boxes below, please select the assessment that will be used for SLOs for the school/program listed. Finally, name the specific assessment listing the full name of the assessment. Districts or BOCES that intend to use a district, regional, or BOCES-developed assessment must include the name, grade, and subject of the assessment. For example, a regionally-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment would be written as follows: [INSERT SPECIFIC NAME OF REGION]-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment.

Please remember that State assessments must be used with SLOs if applicable to the school or program type.

School or Program Type	SLO with Assessment Option	Name of the Assessment
Elbridge Elementary K-4	State assessment	NYS Grade 3 and 4 ELA and Math assessments

Describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of performance required for each HEDI rating category and the process for assigning points to principals based on SLO results, consistent with regulations and assurances in the Comparable Growth Measures subcomponent. Include any district-determined expectations for student performance.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the process for assigning HEDI categories in this subcomponent. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic below.	The K-4 building principal will receive a value added score specific to the grade 4 students' performance on the NYS ELA and math assessments tests. Additionally, the principal will set a student learning objective relative to the percentage of grade 3 students who score at or above a level 3 performance on the NYS ELA and math assessments. The value added score will be averaged with the score related to the student learning objective target to reach a final score. Highly Effective is defined as the final score failing in the 18-20 point range Effective is defined as the final score failing in the 9-17 point range Developing is defined as the final score failing in the 3-8 point range Ineffective is defined as the final scoring failing in the 0-2 point range
Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).	Highly Effective is defined as the final score failing in the 18-20 point range
Effective (9 - 17 points) Results meet state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).	Effective is defined as the final score failing in the 9-17 point range

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).	Developing is defined as the final score failing in the 3-8 point range
Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).	Ineffective is defined as the final scoring failing in the 0-2 point range

If you are using tables or other graphics to explain your process for assigning HEDI categories, please clearly label them, combine them into a single file, and upload that file here.

assets/survey-uploads/5365/154087-lha0DogRNw/hedi.table.k.4.principal.docx

7.4) Special Considerations for Comparable Growth Measures

Describe any adjustments, controls, or other special considerations that will be used in setting targets for Comparable Growth Measures, the rationale for including such factors, and the processes that will be used to mitigate potentially problematic incentives associated with the controls or adjustments.

Note: The only allowable controls or adjustments for Comparable Growth Measures are those used in State Growth measures, which include: prior student achievement results, students with disabilities, English language learners, students in poverty, and, in the future, any other student-, classroom-, and school-level characteristics approved by the Board of Regents.

The district's plan does not call for special considerations for comparable growth measures.

7.5) Principals with More Than One Growth Measure

If educators have more than one state-provided growth or value-added measure, those measures will be combined into one HEDI category and score for the growth subcomponent according to a formula determined by the Commissioner. (Examples: Principals of K-8 schools with growth measures for ELA and Math grades 4-8.)

If Principals have more than one SLO for comparable growth (or a State-provided growth measure and an SLO for comparable growth), the measures will each earn a score from 0-20 points and Districts will weight each in proportion to the number of students covered by the SLO to reach a combined score for this subcomponent.

7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures

Please check all of the boxes below:

7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures Assure the application of locally developed controls will be rigorous, fair, and transparent and only those used for State Growth will be used for Comparable Growth Measures.	Checked
7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures Assure that use of locally developed controls will not have a disparate impact on underrepresented students in accordance with applicable civil rights laws.	Checked
7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures Assure that procedures for ensuring data accuracy and integrity are being utilized.	Checked
7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures Assure that district will develop SLOs according to the rules established by NYSED for principal SLOs: http://usny.nysed.gov/rttt/teachers-leaders/slo/home.html .	Checked

7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures Assure that the process for assigning points for SLOs for the Growth Subcomponent will use the narrative HEDI descriptions described in the regulations to effectively differentiate educator performance in ways that improve student learning and instruction.	Checked
7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures Assure that it is possible for a principal to earn each point, including 0, for SLOs in the Growth subcomponent scoring range.	Checked
7.6) Assurances -- Comparable Growth Measures Assure that processes are in place to monitor SLOs to ensure rigor and comparability across classrooms.	Checked

8. Local Measures (Principals)

Created Saturday, July 28, 2012

Updated Tuesday, November 20, 2012

Page 1

Locally-Selected Measures of Student Achievement or Growth

Locally comparable means that the same locally-selected measures of student achievement or growth must be used for all principals in the same or similar programs or grade configurations across the district or BOCES.

Please note: only one locally-selected measure is required for principals in the same or similar programs or grade configurations, but some districts may prefer to have more than one measure for principals in the same or similar programs or grade configurations. This APPR form therefore provides space for multiple locally-selected measures for each principal in the same or similar program or grade configuration across the district. Therefore, if more than one locally-selected measure is used for all principals in the same or similar program or grade configuration, districts must complete additional copies of this form and upload as attachments for review.

Also note: districts may use more than one locally-selected measure for **different** groups of principals **within the same or similar programs or grade configurations** if the district/BOCES prove comparability based on Standards of Educational and Psychological Testing. If a district is choosing different measures for different groups of principals within the same or similar programs or grade configurations, they must complete additional copies of this form and upload as attachments for review.

8.1) LOCALLY SELECTED MEASURES OF STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT FOR PRINCIPALS WITH AN APPROVED VALUE-ADDED MEASURE (15 points)

In the table below, list all of the grade configurations used in your district or BOCES (e.g., K-5, 6-8, 9-12). Then for each grade configuration, select a local measure from the menu.

Note: Districts and BOCES may select one or more types of growth or achievement measures for each grade configuration. If you are using more than one type of local measure for the evaluation of principals in a given grade configuration, list that grade configuration multiple times. If more space is needed, duplicate this portion of the form and upload additional pages (below) as an attachment.

The options in the drop-down menus below are abbreviated from the following list:

- (a) student achievement levels on State assessments in ELA and/or Math in Grades 4-8 (e.g., percentage of students in the school whose performance levels on State assessments are proficient or advanced)
- (b) student growth or achievement on State assessments in ELA and/or Math in Grades 4-8 for students in each specific performance level (e.g., Level 1, Level 2)
- (c) student growth or achievement on State assessments in ELA and/or Math in Grades 4-8 for students with disabilities and English Language Learners in Grades 4-8

- (d) student performance on any or all of the district-wide locally selected measures approved for use in teacher evaluations
- (e) four, five and/or six-year high school graduation and/or dropout rates for principals employed in a school with high school grades
- (f) percentage of students who earn a Regents diploma with advanced designation and/or honors for principals employed in a school with high school grades
- (g) percentage of a cohort of students that achieve specified scores on Regents examinations and/or Department approved alternative examinations (including, but not limited to, Advanced Placement examinations, International Baccalaureate examinations, SAT II, etc.), for principals employed in a school with high school grades (e.g., the percentage of students in the 2009 cohort that scored at least a 3 on an Advanced Placement examination since entry into the ninth grade)
- (h) students' progress toward graduation in the school using strong predictive indicators, including but not limited to 9th and/or 10th grade credit accumulation and/or the percentage of students that pass 9th and/or 10th grade subjects most commonly associated with graduation and/or students' progress in passing the number of required Regents examinations for graduation, for principals employed in a school with high school grades

Grade Configuration	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
5-8	(d) measures used by district for teacher evaluation	3-8 State Assessments and 9-12 Regents Exams
9-12	(d) measures used by district for teacher evaluation	3-8 State Assessments and 9-12 Regents Exams

Describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a principal to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a principal to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

<p>Use this box, if needed, to describe the process for assigning HEDI categories. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic below.</p>	<p>For principals receiving a value added score, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows:</p> <p>Highly Effective is defined as 78%-100% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 15 points Effective is defined as 69-77% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 9 to 14 points Developing is defined as 63-68% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 3-8 points Ineffective is defined as 0-62% of students scoring at the</p>
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	proficient level, equating to 0-2 points
Highly Effective (14 - 15 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Highly Effective is defined as 78%-100% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 15 points
Effective (8- 13 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Effective is defined as 69-77% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 9 to 14 points
Developing (3 - 7 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Developing is defined as 63-68% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 3-8 points
Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.	Ineffective is defined as 0-62% of students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 0-2 points

If you need additional space, upload a copy of "Form 8.1: Locally Selected Measures for Principals with an Approved Value-Added Measure" as an attachment for review. Click here for a downloadable copy of Form 8.1. (MS Word)

(No response)

If you are using tables or other graphics to explain your process for assigning HEDI categories, please clearly label them, combine them into a single file, and upload that file here.

assets/survey-uploads/5366/156321-qBFVOWF7fC/hedi.table.8.1.revised_3.docx

8.2) LOCALLY SELECTED MEASURES OF STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT FOR ALL OTHER PRINCIPALS (20 points)

In the table below, list all of the grade configurations used in your district or BOCES (e.g., K-5, 6-8, 9-12). Then for each grade configuration, select a local measure from the menu.

Note: Districts and BOCES may select one or more types of growth or achievement measures for each grade configuration. If you are using more than one type of local measure for the evaluation of principals in a given grade configuration, list that grade configuration multiple times. If more space is needed, duplicate this portion of the form and upload additional pages (below) as an attachment.

The options in the drop-down menus below are abbreviated from the following list: <!--

(a) student achievement levels on State assessments in ELA and/or Math in Grades 4-8 (e.g., percentage of students in the school whose performance levels on State assessments are proficient or advanced)

(b) student growth or achievement on State assessments in ELA and/or Math in Grades 4-8 for students in each specific performance level (e.g., Level 1, Level 2)

(c) student growth or achievement on State assessments in ELA and/or Math in Grades 4-8 for students with disabilities and English Language Learners in Grades 4-8

(d) student performance on any or all of the district-wide locally selected measures approved for use in teacher evaluations

(e) four, five and/or six-year high school graduation and/or dropout rates for principals employed in a school with high school grades

(f) percentage of students who earn a Regents diploma with advanced designation and/or honors for principals employed in a school with high school grades

(g) percentage of a cohort of students that achieve specified scores on Regents examinations and/or Department approved alternative examinations (including, but not limited to, Advanced Placement examinations, International Baccalaureate examinations, SAT II, etc.), for principals employed in a school with high school grades (e.g., the percentage of students in the 2009 cohort that scored at least a 3 on an Advanced Placement examination since entry into the ninth grade)

(h) students' progress toward graduation in the school using strong predictive indicators, including but not limited to 9th and/or 10th grade credit accumulation and/or the percentage of students that pass 9th and/or 10th grade subjects most commonly associated with graduation and/or students' progress in passing the number of required Regents examinations for graduation, for principals employed in a school with high school grades

(i) student learning objectives (only allowable for principals in programs/buildings without a Value-Added measure for the State Growth subcomponent). Used with one of the following assessments: State, State-approved 3rd party, or a District, regional, or BOCES-developed assessment that is rigorous and comparable across classrooms

Districts or BOCES that intend to use a district, regional, or BOCES-developed assessment must include the name, grade, and subject of the assessment. For example, a regionally-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment would be written as follows: [INSERT SPECIFIC NAME OF REGION]-developed 7th grade Social Studies assessment.

Grade Configuration	Locally-Selected Measure from List of Approved Measures	Assessment
K-4	(d) measures used by district for teacher evaluation	3-8 State Assessments and 9-12 Regents Exams

Describe the district-adopted expectations for the level of growth or achievement needed for a principal to earn each of the four HEDI rating categories and the process for assigning points within rating categories that ensures it is possible for a principal to earn any of the points in a scoring range, consistent with regulations and assurances.

Note: when completing the HEDI boxes below, it is not acceptable to just repeat the text descriptions from the regulations and/or assurances listed to the left of each box.

Use this box, if needed, to describe the process for assigning HEDI categories. If needed, you may upload a table or graphic below.	For the principal who will be receiving a value added score and a score related to setting a student learning objective target, we will be using a school wide measure based on a district-wide goal specific to the average percentage of students scoring at the proficiency level on all 3-8 State assessments and all 9-12 Regents exams. This measurement will be calculated by adding each of the proficiency percentages and dividing by the number of exams. Proficiency is defined as a score of level 3 or higher on the 3-8 State assessments and a score of 65 or higher on the Regents exams. Once the test data is
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available and the average proficiency percentage has been calculated, points will be awarded as follows:
Highly Effective is defined as 78% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 18-20 points
Effective is defined as 69% - 77% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 9-17 points
Developing is defined as 63% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 3-8 points
Ineffective is defined as less than 63% of the students scoring at the proficient level, earning the teacher 0-2 points

Highly Effective (18 - 20 points) Results are well above District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

■ Highly Effective is defined as 77% - 100% of the students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 17-20 points

Effective (9- 17 points) Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

■ Effective is defined as 69% - 76% of the students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 9-16 points

Developing (3 - 8 points) Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

■ Developing is defined as 61% - 68% of the students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 1-8 points

Ineffective (0 - 2 points) Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

■ Ineffective is defined as 60% or less of the students scoring at the proficient level, equating to 0 points

If you need additional space, upload a copy of "Form 8.2: Locally Selected Measures for All Other Principals" as an attachment for review. Click here for a downloadable copy of Form 8.2. (MS Word)

[assets/survey-uploads/5366/156321-pi29aiX4bL/hedi.table.8.2revised_1.docx](#)

If you are using tables or other graphics to explain your process for assigning HEDI categories, please clearly label them, combine them into a single file, and upload that file here.

(No response)

8.3) Locally Developed Controls

Describe any adjustments, controls, or other special considerations that will be used in setting targets for local measures, the rationale for including such factors, and the processes that will be used to mitigate potentially problematic incentives associated with the controls or adjustments.

The district's plan does not call for any locally developed controls.

8.4) Principals with More Than One Locally Selected Measure

Describe the district's process for combining multiple locally selected measures where applicable for principals, each scored from 0-15 or 0-20 points as applicable, into a single subcomponent HEDI category and score.

The district's plan does not call for combining multiple locally selected measures.

8.5) Assurances

Please check all of the boxes below:

8.5) Assurances Assure that the application of locally developed controls will be rigorous, fair, and transparent	Check
8.5) Assurances Assure that use of locally developed controls will not have a disparate impact on underrepresented students, in accordance with any applicable civil rights laws.	Check
8.5) Assurances Assure that enrolled students are included in accordance with policies for student assignment to schools and may not be excluded.	Check
8.5) Assurances Assure that procedures for ensuring data accuracy and integrity are being utilized.	Check
8.5) Assurances Assure that the process for assigning points for locally selected measures will use the narrative HEDI descriptions described in the regulations to effectively differentiate principals' performance in ways that improve student learning and instruction.	Check
8.5) Assurances Assure that it is possible for a principal to earn each point, including 0, for the locally selected measures subcomponent.	Check
8.5) Assurances Assure that locally-selected measures are rigorous and comparable across all principals in the same or similar programs or grade configurations across the district.	Check
8.5) Assurances If more than one type of locally-selected measure is used for different groups of principals in the same or similar grade configuration or program, certify that the measures are comparable based on the Standards of Educational and Psychological Testing.	Check
8.5) Assurances Assure that all locally-selected measures for a principal are different than any measures used for the State assessment or other comparable measures subcomponent.	Check

9. Other Measures of Effectiveness (Principals)

Created Friday, July 20, 2012

Updated Sunday, November 04, 2012

Page 1

9.1) Principal Practice Rubric

Select the choice of principal practice rubric from the menu of State-approved rubrics to assess performance based on ISLLC 2008 Standards. If your district has been granted a variance by NYSED through the variance process, select "district variance" from the menu.

The "Second Rubric" space is optional. A district may use multiple rubrics, as long as the same rubric(s) is used for all principals in the same or similar programs or grade configurations across the district.

Marshall's Principal Evaluation Rubric

(No response)

9.2) Points Within Other Measures

State the number of points that will be assigned to each of the following measures, making sure that the points total 60. If you are not assigning any points to the "ambitious and measurable goals" measure, enter 0.

Some districts may prefer to assign points differently for different groups of principals. This APPR form only provides one space for assigning points within other measures for principals. If your district/BOCES prefers to assign points differently for different groups of principals, enter the points assignment for one group of principals below. For the other group(s) of principals, fill out copies of this form and upload as an attachment for review.

Is the following points assignment for all principals?

Yes

If you checked "no" above, fill in the group of principals covered:

(No response)

State the number of points that will be assigned to each of the following measures, making sure that the points total 60. If you are not assigning any points to the "ambitious and measurable goals" measure, enter 0.

Broad assessment of principal leadership and management actions based on the practice rubric by the supervisor, a trained administrator or a trained independent evaluator. This must incorporate multiple school visits by supervisor, trained administrator, or trained independent evaluator, at least one of which must be from a supervisor, and at least one of which must be unannounced. [At least 31 points]	60
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Any remaining points shall be assigned based on results of one or more ambitious and measurable goals set collaboratively with principals and their superintendents or district superintendents.	0
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If the above points assignment is not for "all principals," fill out an additional copy of "Form 9.2: Points Within Other Measures" for each group of principals, combine them into a single file, and upload as an attachment for review. Click here for a downloadable copy of Form 9.2. (MS Word)

(No response)

9.3) Assurances -- Goals

Please check the boxes below (if applicable):

9.3) Assurances -- Goals Assure that if any points are assigned to goals, at least one goal will address the principal's contribution to improving teacher effectiveness based on one or more of the following: improved retention of high performing teachers; correlation of student growth scores to teachers granted vs. denied tenure; or improvements in proficiency rating of the principal on specific teacher effectiveness standards in the principal practice rubric.	(No response)
9.3) Assurances -- Goals Assure that any other goals, if applicable, shall address quantifiable and verifiable improvements in academic results or the school's learning environment (e.g. student or teacher attendance).	(No response)

9.4) Sources of Evidence (if applicable)

If you indicated above that one or more points will be assigned to the "ambitious and measurable goals" measure, identify at least two of the following sources of evidence that will be utilized as part of assessing every principal's goal(s):

9.4) Sources of Evidence (if applicable) Structured feedback from teachers using a State-approved tool	(No response)
9.4) Sources of Evidence (if applicable) Structured feedback from students using a State-approved tool	(No response)
9.4) Sources of Evidence (if applicable) Structured feedback from families using a State-approved tool	(No response)
9.4) Sources of Evidence (if applicable) School visits by other trained evaluators	(No response)
9.4) Sources of Evidence (if applicable) Review of school documents, records, and/or State accountability processes (all count as one source)	(No response)

9.5) Survey Tool(s) (if applicable)

If you indicated above that 1 or more points will be assigned to feedback using a State-approved survey tool, please check the box below:

(No response)

Note: When the State-approved survey list is posted, this form will be updated with dropdown menus of approved survey tools.

(No response)

(No response)

(No response)

9.6) Assurances

Please check all of the boxes below:

9.6) Assurances Assure that all ISLLC 2008 Leadership Standards are assessed at least one time per year.	Checked
9.6) Assurances Assure that the process for assigning points for the "other measures" subcomponent will use the narrative HEDI descriptions described in the regulations to effectively differentiate principals' performance in ways that improve student learning and instruction	Checked
9.6) Assurances Assure that it is possible for a principal to earn each point, including 0, for the "other measures" subcomponent.	Checked
9.6) Assurances Assure that the same rubric(s) is used for all principals in the same or similar programs or grade configurations across the district or BOCES.	Checked

9.7) Process for Assigning Points and Determining HEDI Ratings

Describe the process for assigning points and determining HEDI ratings using the principal practice rubric and/or any additional instruments used in the district. Include, if applicable, the process for combining results of multiple "other measures" into a single result for this subcomponent.

The remaining 60% of the composite effectiveness score shall be based on site visits and review of artifacts. The district will use the Marshall Rubric to evaluate building level administrators in relation to the ISLLC standards. Observations from site visits, one of which will be unannounced, and the review of artifacts will be scored in a holistic manner. Evidence will be matched to indicators and a rubric score of 1-4 will be awarded. Indicators not observed will not be scored. At the end of the year, an average of the rubric points will be calculated. The four levels of the Kim Marshall rating scale will be converted as follows:

- Highly Effective = Highly Effective*
- Effective = Effective*
- Improvement Necessary = Developing*
- Does Not Meet Standards = Ineffective*

If you are using tables or other graphics to explain your process for assigning points and determining HEDI ratings, please clearly label them, combine them into a single file, and upload that file here.

[assets/survey-uploads/5143/154092-pMADJ4gk6R/hedi.table.9.7.revised_2.docx](#)

Describe the level of performance required for each of the HEDI rating categories, consistent with the narrative descriptions in the regulations for the "other measures" subcomponent. Also describe how the points available within each HEDI category will be assigned.

Highly Effective: Overall performance and results exceed standards.	Highly effective is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 3.3-4, earning the administrator 59-60 points
Effective: Overall performance and results meet standards.	Effective is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 2.5-3.2, earning the administrator 57-58 points
Developing: Overall performance and results need improvement in order to meet standards.	Developing is defined as attaining an average rubric rating of 1.5-2.4, earning the administrator 50-56 points
Ineffective: Overall performance and results do not meet standards.	Ineffective is defined as an average rubric rating of 1.0-1.4 earning the administrator 0-49 points

Please provide the locally-negotiated 60 point scoring bands.

Highly Effective	59-60
Effective	57-58
Developing	50-56

9.8) School Visits

Enter the minimum number of school visits that will be done by each of the following evaluators, making sure that the number of visits "by supervisor" is at least 1 and the total number of visits is at least 2, for both probationary and tenured principals. If your APPR plan does not include visits by a trained administrator or independent evaluator, enter 0 in those boxes.

Probationary Principals

By supervisor	3
By trained administrator	0
By trained independent evaluator	0
Enter Total	3

Tenured Principals

By supervisor	2
By trained administrator	0
By trained independent evaluator	0
Enter Total	2

10. Composite Scoring (Principals)

Created Sunday, July 29, 2012

Updated Sunday, November 04, 2012

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Standards for Rating Categories

Growth or Comparable Measures

Locally-selected Measures of growth or achievement

Other Measures of Effectiveness (Teacher and Leader standards)

Highly

Effective

Results are well above state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results are well above District- or BOCES- adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results exceed ISLLC leadership standards.

Effective

Results meet state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results meet District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results meet ISLLC leadership standards.

Developing

Results are below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results are below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results need improvement in order to meet ISLLC leadership standards.

Ineffective

Results are well below state average for similar students (or District goals if no state test).

Results are well below District- or BOCES-adopted expectations for growth or achievement for grade/subject.

Overall performance and results do not meet ISLLC leadership standards.

For the 2013-2014 school year and beyond, the Commissioner shall review the specific scoring ranges for each of the rating categories annually before the start of each school year and shall recommend any changes to the Board of Regents for consideration.

10.1) The 2012-13 scoring ranges for principals for whom there is no approved Value-Added measure of student growth will be:

2012-13 where there is no Value-Added measure

Growth or Comparable Measures

**Locally-selected Measures of
growth or achievement**

Other Measures of Effectiveness

(60 points)

Overall

Composite Score

Highly Effective

18-20

18-20

Ranges determined locally--see below

91-100

Effective

9-17

9-17

75-90

Developing

3-8

3-8

65-74

Ineffective

0-2

0-2

Insert district's or BOCES' negotiated HEDI scoring ranges for the Other Measures of Effectiveness Subcomponent (same as question 9.7), from 0 to 60 points

Highly Effective	59-60
Effective	57-58
Developing	50-56
Ineffective	0-49

10.2) The 2012-13 scoring ranges for principals for whom there is an approved Value-Added measure for student growth will be:

2012-13 where Value-Added growth measure applies

Growth or Comparable Measures

Locally-selected Measures of growth or achievement

Other Measures of Effectiveness

(60 points)

Overall

Composite Score

Highly Effective

22-25

14-15

Ranges determined locally--see above

91-100

Effective

10-21

8-13

75-90

Developing

3-9

3-7

65-74

Ineffective

0-2

0-2

0-64

11. Additional Requirements - Principals

Created Saturday, July 28, 2012

Updated Sunday, November 18, 2012

Page 1

11.1) Assurances -- Improvement Plans

Please check the boxes below.

11.1) Assurances -- Improvement Plans Assure that principals who receive a Developing or Ineffective rating will receive a Principal Improvement Plan (PIP) within 10 school days from the opening of classes in the school year following the performance year	Checked
11.1) Assurances -- Improvement Plans Assure that PIPs shall include: identification of needed areas of improvement, a timeline for achieving improvement, the manner in which the improvement will be assessed, and, where appropriate, differentiated activities to support a principal's improvement in those areas	Checked

11.2) Attachment: Principal Improvement Plan Forms

As a required attachment to this APPR plan, upload the PIP forms that are used in your school district or BOCES. For a list of supported file types, go to the Resources folder (above) and click Technical Tips.

<assets/survey-uploads/5276/156320-Df0w3Xx5v6/admin.pip.revised.doc>

11.3) Appeals Process

Pursuant to Education Law section 3012-c, a principal may only challenge the following in an appeal:

(1) the substance of the annual professional performance review

(2) the school district's or BOCES' adherence to the standards and methodologies required for such reviews, pursuant to Education Law section 3012-c

(3) the adherence to the regulations of the Commissioner and compliance with any applicable locally negotiated procedures, as well as the school district's or BOCES' issuance and/or implementation of the terms of the teacher or principal improvement plan, as required under Education Law section 3012-c

Describe the procedure for ensuring that appeals of annual performance evaluations will be handled in a timely and expeditious way:

To the extent an administrator wishes to challenge his/her performance review and/or improvement plan (PIP) under the new APPR system, the District has developed an appeals procedure. An administrator who receives an effectiveness composite score rating of "ineffective" or "developing" may appeal his or her performance review. Ratings of "highly effective" or "effective" cannot be appealed.

A probationary administrator will not be dismissed without regard to the APPR except for statutorily and constitutionally permissible

reasons, including but not limited to misconduct.

In accordance with the law, for purposes of disciplinary proceedings under Education Law §3020-a, a “pattern” of ineffective performance shall be defined as two consecutive annual ineffective ratings received by an administrator through the APPR process.

This Agreement is made by and between the Jordan-Elbridge Central School District (“District”) and the Jordan-Elbridge Administrators’ Association (“Association”), collectively referred to herein as the “Parties”.

In order to implement the requirements of N.Y. Education Law § 3012-c, the District and the Association hereby agree as follows:

- Where and to the extent applicable, the Annual Professional Performance Review of administrators shall be a significant factor for employment decisions and professional development, and will be subject to any procedures which may in the future be negotiated by the District and the Association.*
- A unit member may appeal only the substance of the Annual Professional Performance Review, the District’s adherence to the standards and methodologies required for such review, and the District’s compliance with its procedures for conducting the Annual Professional Performance Review, or its issuance and/or implementation of the terms of the Administrator(Principal) Improvement Plan.*
- Only tenured administrators may file an appeal. Non-tenured administrators will have the right to add a response to the annual evaluation, which will be kept in his/her personnel file with the annual evaluation. An administrator may not file multiple appeals regarding the same performance review. All grounds for appealing a particular performance review must be raised within the same appeal. Any grounds not raised at the time the appeal is filed shall be deemed waived.*
- Such an appeal must be submitted in writing to the evaluator performing the Annual Professional Performance Review or Administrator (Principal) Improvement Plan. The writing must explain in detail the specific basis for the appeal, and provide any documents in support of the appeal. The appeal must be submitted within five (5) calendar days of the issuance of the Annual Professional Performance Review or Administrator (Principal) Improvement Plan, or other act under this section which is the subject of the appeal, or it is deemed waived. Within ten calendar days of receipt of the appeal, the evaluator conducting the Annual Professional Performance Review or Administrator (Principal) Improvement Plan shall submit a written determination. The absence of a determination shall be deemed a denial of the appeal.*
- If the administrator received an “ineffective” or “developing” rating and disagrees with the determination, he/she may submit a copy of the appeal, the determination, and a written statement explaining in detail the basis for disagreement with the determination, to an Arbitration Panel within five (5) calendar days of the date of the determination. The Arbitration Panel will consist of the Assistant Superintendent for Instruction (or his/her designee), the Association President (or his/her designee), and a second union member to be appointed by the Association. Either the Association or the District may replace any member of the Panel that it has appointed at any time. If a member of the Panel was involved in the initial evaluation, then he or she will be recused for that appeal, and a substitute will be appointed by the party that appointed him or her. The Panel shall meet within five calendar days of the date from which the administrator’s request was received (or such other convenient time as may be determined by the Panel), and shall render a final determination on the appeal within ten calendar days after the date on which the administrator met with the Panel. A decision by a majority of the Panel will be final and binding on all parties.*
- If the Panel is deadlocked, or if it fails to issue a final determination within the designated time, then the administrator may submit the appeal to the Superintendent in writing within fifteen (15) calendar days of when he/she had the opportunity to meet with the Panel. The Superintendent shall issue a written decision within thirty (30) calendar days after receiving such a written appeal. If the Superintendent does not issue a timely written decision, then he or she will be deemed to have adopted the written decision of the evaluator. The Superintendent’s decision shall be final, binding, and unreviewable.*
- The administrator bringing an appeal has the burden of demonstrating a clear legal right to the relief requested and the burden of establishing that there is no substantial evidence upon which to base the District’s conclusion.*
- An appeal or determination under this section shall be exempt from the grievance and arbitration provisions in Article III of the Collective Negotiations Agreement, except that a classroom teacher may proceed through Article III of the Collective Negotiations Agreement solely to challenge the District’s adherence to any procedural standards set forth in the Collective Negotiations Agreement which apply to the issuance of an Annual Professional Performance Review or an Administrator (Principal) Improvement Plan. However, nothing in this paragraph shall in any way restrict or affect the District’s non-reviewable authority to terminate the appointment of or deny tenure to a probationary administrator, and any such termination or denial shall not in any way be subject to Article III of the Collective Negotiations Agreement. Moreover, the fact that a performance review is under appeal will not slow or otherwise affect the process of formulating and implementing an Administrator (Principal) Improvement Plan.*

The District Superintendent and the Association President, as well as their designated representatives, shall be obligated to meet within thirty (30) calendar days following the one (1) year anniversary of the effective date of this Appeals Process to discuss in good faith any issues that have arisen with the Appeals Process, as well as any needed modifications to the Appeals Process. All agreed upon changes to the Appeals Process shall be reduced to writing as an amendment to this Agreement.

11.4) Training and Certification of Lead Evaluators and Evaluators

Describe the process by which evaluators will be trained and the process for how the district will certify and re-certify lead evaluators. Describe the process for ensuring inter-rater reliability. Describe the duration and nature of such training.

The superintendent will ensure that all evaluators have been trained and that all lead evaluators have been trained and certified in accordance with regulation. The District will utilize the BOCES Network Team evaluator training and lead evaluator training and certification in accordance with SED procedures and processes to ensure inter-rater reliability. Lead evaluator training will include training on:

- The six ISLLC Standards and the knowledge required for the standard, the dispositions or attitudes manifest by the accomplishment of the standard, and performances that could be observed by an administrator who is accomplished in the standard*
- Evidence based practices*
- Application and use of the student growth percentile model and the value-added growth model;*
- Application and use of the Marshall Rubric including training on the effective application of said rubric to evaluate an administrator's practice;*
- Application and use of any locally selected measures of student achievement used by the district evaluate its building level administrators*
- Use of the state wide reporting system*
- The scoring methodology including how scores are generated for each subcomponent and the composite effectiveness score and application and use of the scoring ranges prescribed by the Commissioner*
- Specific considerations in evaluating building level administrators of English language learners and students with disabilities*
- The Superintendent will ensure that lead evaluators participate in annual training and are re-certified on an annual basis. The BOCES Network Team will be utilized to provide the training and recertification. Any individual who fails to achieve required training, certification or re-certification, as applicable, shall not conduct or complete evaluations.*

11.5) Assurances -- Evaluators

Please check the boxes below:

-
- Checked
-

(1) the New York State Teaching Standards, and their related elements and performance indicators and the Leadership Standards and their related functions, as applicable

(2) evidence-based observation techniques that are grounded in research

(3) application and use of the student growth percentile model and the value-added growth model as defined in section 30-2.2 of this Subpart

(4) application and use of the State-approved teacher or principal rubric(s) selected by the district or BOCES for use in evaluations, including training on the effective application of such rubrics to observe a teacher or principal's practice

(5) application and use of any assessment tools that the school district or BOCES utilizes to evaluate its classroom teachers or building principals, including but not limited to, structured portfolio reviews; student, parent, teacher and/or community surveys; professional growth goals and school improvement goals, etc.

(6) application and use of any State-approved locally selected measures of student achievement used by the school district or BOCES to evaluate its teachers or principals

(7) use of the Statewide Instructional Reporting System

(8) the scoring methodology utilized by the Department and/or the district or BOCES to evaluate a teacher or principal under this Subpart, including how scores are generated for each subcomponent and the composite effectiveness score and application and use of the scoring ranges prescribed by the Commissioner for the four designated rating categories used for the teacher's or principal's overall rating and their subcomponent ratings

(9) specific considerations in evaluating teachers and principals of English language learners and students with disabilities

-
- Checked
-

11.6) Assurances -- Principals

Please check all of the boxes below:

11.6) Assurances -- Principals Assure the entire APPR plan will be completed for each principal as soon as practicable, but in no case later than September 1 of the school year next following the school year for which the building principal's performance is being measured.	Checked
11.6) Assurances -- Principals Assure that the district will provide the principal's score and rating on the locally selected measures subcomponent, if available, and on the other measures of principal effectiveness subcomponent for a principal's annual professional performance review, in writing, no later than the last school day of the school year for which the principal is being measured.	Checked
11.6) Assurances -- Principals Assure that the APPR will be put on the district website by September 10 or within 10 days after approval, whichever is later.	Checked
11.6) Assurances -- Principals Assure that the evaluation system will be used as a significant factor for employment decisions.	Checked
11.6) Assurances -- Principals Assure that principals will receive timely and constructive feedback as part of the evaluation process.	Checked

11.6) Assurances -- Principals Assure the district has appeal procedures that are consistent with the regulations and that they provide for the timely and expeditious resolution of an appeal.	Checked
---	---------

11.7) Assurances -- Data

Please check all of the boxes below:

11.7) Assurances -- Data Assure that the NYSED will receive accurate teacher and student data, including enrollment and attendance data and any other student, teacher, school, course, and teacher/student linkage data necessary to comply with this Subpart, in a format and timeline prescribed by the Commissioner.	Checked
--	---------

11.7) Assurances -- Data Certify that the district provides an opportunity for every classroom teacher to verify the subjects and/or student rosters assigned to them.	Checked
--	---------

11.7) Assurances -- Data Assure scores for all principals will be reported to NYSED for each subcomponent, as well as the composite rating, as per NYSED requirements.	Checked
--	---------

12. Joint Certification of APPR Plan

Created Monday, July 16, 2012

Updated Monday, December 10, 2012

Page 1

12.1) Upload the Joint Certification of the APPR Plan

Please obtain the required signatures, create a PDF file, and upload your joint certification of the APPR Plan using this form: APPR District Certification Form

<assets/survey-uploads/5581/152494-3Uqgn5g9Iu/certification.12.12.pdf>

File types supported for uploads

PDF (preferred)

Microsoft Office (.doc, .ppt, .xls)

Microsoft Office 2007: Supported but not recommended (.docx, .pptx, .xlsx)

Open Office (.odt, .ott)

Images (.jpg, .gif)

Other Formats (.html, .xhtml, .txt, .rtf, .latex)

Please note that .docx, .pptx, and .xlsx formats are not entirely supported.

Please save your file types as .doc, .ppt or .xls respectively before uploading.

HEDI Table for question 2.11

Note: The conversion table below is to be applied to all teachers in grades/courses for which the state does not provide a growth, value-added measure (20 points).

<i>% of Students Meeting SLO Target</i>	<i>Points For Local Measure</i>
<i>Highly Effective</i>	
<i>96-100</i>	<i>20</i>
<i>90-95</i>	<i>19</i>
<i>86-89</i>	<i>18</i>
<i>Effective</i>	
<i>85</i>	<i>17</i>
<i>84</i>	<i>16</i>
<i>83</i>	<i>15</i>
<i>82</i>	<i>14</i>
<i>81</i>	<i>13</i>
<i>79-80</i>	<i>12</i>
<i>78</i>	<i>11</i>
<i>77</i>	<i>10</i>
<i>76</i>	<i>9</i>
<i>Developing</i>	
<i>75</i>	<i>8</i>
<i>74</i>	<i>7</i>
<i>72-73</i>	<i>6</i>
<i>70-71</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>68-69</i>	<i>4</i>
<i>66-67</i>	<i>3</i>
<i>Ineffective</i>	
<i>60-65</i>	<i>2</i>
<i>50-59</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>Less than 50</i>	<i>0</i>

Note: The state approved ranges to be applied to all teachers in grades/course for which the state does provide a value-added measure (25 points) are as follows:

<i>Highly Effective</i>	<i>22-25</i>
<i>Effective</i>	<i>10-21</i>
<i>Developing</i>	<i>3-9</i>
<i>Ineffective</i>	<i>0-2</i>

HEDI Table for questions 3.1-3.2/3.4-3.12

Achievement on 3-8 State Assessments/ 9-12 Regents Exams	Points for the Local Measure without value added model	Points for local Measure with value-added model
Highly Effective		
80-100	20	15
79	19	15
78	18	15
Effective		
77	17	14
76	16	14
75	15	14
74	14	14
73	13	13
72	12	12
71	11	11
70	10	10
69	9	9
Developing		
68	8	8
67	7	7
66	6	6
65	5	5
64	4	4
63	3	3
Ineffective		
62	2	2
61	1	1
0-60	0	0

HEDI Table for questions 3.1-3.2/3.4-3.12

Achievement on 3-8 State Assessments/ 9-12 Regents Exams	Points for the Local Measure without value added model	Points for local Measure with value-added model
Highly Effective		
80-100	20	15
79	19	15
78	18	15
Effective		
77	17	14
76	16	14
75	15	14
74	14	14
73	13	13
72	12	12
71	11	11
70	10	10
69	9	9
Developing		
68	8	8
67	7	7
66	6	6
65	5	5
64	4	4
63	3	3
Ineffective		
62	2	2
61	1	1
0-60	0	0

HEDI Table for question 4.5

Total Average Rubric Score	Category	Conversion Score for HEIDI Composite
	Ineffective 0 - 49	
1.0		0
1.1		12
1.2		25
1.3		37
1.4		49
	Developing 50 - 56	
1.5		50
1.6		51
1.7		51
1.8		52
1.9		53
2.0		53
2.1		54
2.2		55
2.3		56
2.4		56
	Effective 57 - 58	
2.5		57
2.6		57
2.7		57
2.8		58
2.9		58
3.0		58
3.1		58
3.2		58
	Highly Effective 59 - 60	
3.3		59
3.4		59
3.5		59
3.6		59
3.7		60
3.8		60
4.0		60

Teacher Improvement Plan

Faculty:

Evaluator:

Date:

Time Period:

Teacher's Composite Rating:

- Ineffective
- Developing

Standard : -----
Indicator
Rating: <i>Language from Rubric</i>

Evidence

Narrative summary

Actions To Be Taken By Faculty Member	Due Date	Actions To Be Taken By Evaluator	Return Date

:By signing this document, I acknowledge that I have read and understand its contents.

Signature

Date

HEDI Table for question 7.3

Note: The conversion table below is to be applied to the K-4 principal.

<i>Average of value added and SLO % scores</i>	<i>Points For Local Measure</i>
<i>Highly Effective</i>	
20	20
19	19
18	18
<i>Effective</i>	
17	17
16	16
15	15
14	14
13	13
12	12
11	11
10	10
9	9
<i>Developing</i>	
8	8
7	7
6	6
5	5
4	4
3	3
<i>Ineffective</i>	
2	2
1	1
0	0

Note: The state approved ranges to be applied to all teachers in grades/course for which the state does provide a value-added measure (25 points) are as follows:

<i>Highly Effective</i>	22-25
<i>Effective</i>	10-21
<i>Developing</i>	3-9
<i>Ineffective</i>	0-2

9.7) HEDI Table

Total Average Rubric Score	Category	Conversion Score for HEIDI Composite
	Ineffective 0 - 49	
1.0		0
1.1		12
1.2		25
1.3		37
1.4		49
	Developing 50 - 56	
1.5		50
1.6		51
1.7		51
1.8		52
1.9		53
2.0		53
2.1		54
2.2		55
2.3		56
2.4		56
	Effective 57 - 58	
2.5		57
2.6		57
2.7		57
2.8		58
2.9		58
3.0		58
3.1		58
3.2		58
	Highly Effective 59 - 60	
3.3		59
3.4		59
3.5		59
3.6		59
3.7		60
3.8		60
4.0		60

HEDI Table for questions 8.1

Achievement on 3-8 State Assessments/ 9-12 Regents Exams	Points for local measure with value-added model
Highly Effective	
80-100	15
79	15
78	15
Effective	
77	14
76	14
75	14
74	14
73	13
72	12
71	11
70	10
69	9
Developing	
68	8
67	7
66	6
65	5
64	4
63	3
Ineffective	
62	2
61	1
0-60	0

HEDI Table for questions 8.2

Achievement on 3-8 State Assessments/ 9-12 Regents Exams	Points for the Local Measure without value added model
Highly Effective	
80-100	20
79	19
78	18
77	17
Effective	
76	16
75	15
74	14
73	13
72	12
71	11
70	10
69	9
Developing	
68	8
67	7
66	6
65	5
64	4
63	3
62	2
61	1
Ineffective	
0-60	0

Administrator/Principal Improvement Plan (PIP)

Faculty:

Evaluator:

Date:

School Year:

Administrator/Principal's Composite Rating: _____

- Ineffective
- Developing

Standard : -----
Knowledge
Dimension
Rating: <i>Language from Rubric</i>

Evidence

Narrative summary

Actions To Be Taken By Administrator	Due Date	Actions To Be Taken By Evaluator	Return Date

By signing this document, I acknowledge that I have read and understand its contents.

Signature

Date

DISTRICT CERTIFICATION FORM: Please download this form, sign and upload to APPR form

By signing this document, the school district or BOCES certifies that this document constitutes the district's or BOCES' complete Annual Professional Performance Review (APPR) Plan, that all provisions of the APPR that are subject to collective negotiations have been resolved pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the Civil Service Law and that such APPR Plan complies with the requirements of Education Law §3012-c and Subpart 30-2 of the Rules of the Board of Regents and has been adopted by the governing body of the school district or BOCES. By signing this document, the collective bargaining agent(s) of the school district or BOCES, where applicable, certify that this document constitutes the district's or BOCES' complete Annual Professional Performance Review (APPR) Plan, that collective negotiations have been completed on all provisions of the APPR that are subject to collective bargaining, and that such APPR Plan complies with the requirements of Education Law §3012-c and Subpart 30-2 of the Rules of the Board of Regents and has been adopted by the governing body of the school district or BOCES.

The school district or BOCES and its collective bargaining agent(s), where applicable, also certify that upon information and belief, all statements made herein are true and accurate and that any applicable collective bargaining agreements for teachers and principals are consistent with and/or have been amended and/or modified or otherwise resolved to the extent required by Article 14 of the Civil Service Law, as necessary to require that all classroom teachers and building principals will be evaluated using a comprehensive annual evaluation system that rigorously adheres to Education Law §3012-c and Subpart 30-2 of the Rules of the Board of Regents.

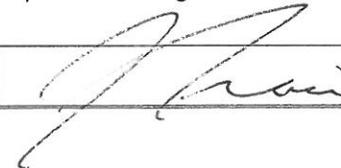
The school district or BOCES and its collective bargaining agent(s), where applicable, also make the following specific certifications with respect to their APPR Plan:

- Assure that the evaluation system will be used as a significant factor for employment decisions and teacher and principal development
- Assure that the entire APPR plan will be completed for each teacher or principal as soon as practicable, but in no case later than September 1 of the school year next following the school year for which the classroom teacher or building principal's performance is being measured
- Assure that the district or BOCES will provide the teacher's or principal's score and rating on the locally selected measures subcomponent, if available, and on the other measures of teacher and principal effectiveness subcomponent for a teacher's or principal's annual professional performance review, in writing, no later than the last school day of the school year for which the teacher or principal is being measured
- Assure that the APPR plan will be posted on the district's or BOCES' website by September 10 or within 10 days after it is approved by the Commissioner, whichever is later
- Assure that accurate teacher and student data will be provided to the Commissioner in a format and timeline prescribed by the Commissioner
- Assure that the district or BOCES will report the individual subcomponent scores and the total composite effectiveness score for each classroom teacher and building principal in a manner prescribed by the Commissioner
- Certify that the district provides an opportunity for every classroom teacher and building principal to verify the subjects and/or student rosters assigned to them
- Assure that teachers and principals will receive timely and constructive feedback as part of the evaluation process
- Assure that any training course for lead evaluator certification addresses each of the requirements in the regulations, including specific considerations in evaluating teachers and principals of English Language Learners and students with disabilities
- Assure that educators who receive a Developing or Ineffective rating will receive a TIP or PIP plan, in accordance with the regulations, as soon as practicable but in no case later than 10 school days from the opening of classes in the school year following the performance year
- Assure that all evaluators and lead evaluators will be properly trained and that lead evaluators will be certified and recertified as necessary in accordance with the regulations
- Assure that the district or BOCES has appeal procedures that are consistent with the regulations and that they provide for the timely and expeditious resolution of an appeal
- Assure that, for teachers, all NYS Teaching Standards are assessed at least once per year, and, for principals, all Leadership Standards are assessed at least once per year
- Assure that it is possible for a teacher or principal to obtain each point in the scoring ranges, including 0 for each subcomponent and that the APPR Plan describes the process for assigning points for each subcomponent
- Assure that locally-selected measures are rigorous and comparable across all classrooms (for teachers, the same locally-selected measure is used across a subject and/or grade level; for principals, the same locally-selected measure must be used for all principals in the same or similar program or grade configuration)

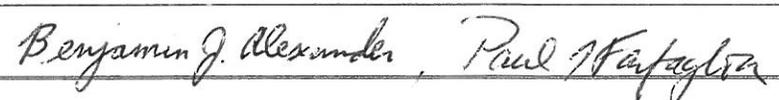
- Assure that, if more than one type of locally-selected measure is used for different groups of teachers within a grade/subject, the measures are comparable based on the Standards of Educational and Psychological Testing
- Assure that, if more than one type of locally-selected measure is used for principals in the same or similar grade configuration or program, the measures are comparable based on the Standards of Educational and Psychological Testing
- Assure that the process for assigning points for all subcomponents and the composite scores will use the narrative HEDI descriptions described in the regulations to effectively differentiate educators' performance in ways that improve student learning and instruction
- Assure that district or BOCES will develop SLOs according to the rules and/or guidance established by SED and that past academic performance and / or baseline academic data of students is taken into account when developing an SLO
- Assure that Student Growth/Value Added Measure will be used where applicable
- Assure that any material changes to this APPR Plan will be submitted to the Commissioner for approval as soon as practicable and/or in a timeframe prescribed by the Commissioner
- Assure that this APPR Plan applies to all classroom teachers and building principals as defined in the regulation and SED guidance
- Assure that the district or BOCES will provide the Department with any information necessary to conduct annual monitoring pursuant to the regulations
- If this APPR Plan is being submitted subsequent to July 1, 2012, assure that this was the result of unresolved collective bargaining negotiations

Signatures, dates

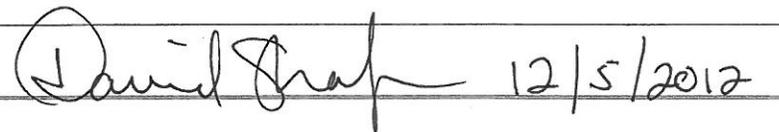
Superintendent Signature: Date: 12/5/12



Teachers Union President Signature: Date:



Administrative Union President Signature: Date:



Board of Education President Signature: Date:

